Stock Code:5434

# TOPCO SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Consolidated Financial Statements** 

With Independent Auditors' Report For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

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The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

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## **Representation Letter**

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Topco Scientific Co., Ltd. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10 by the Financial Supervisory Commission, "Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Topco Scientific Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company name: Topco Scientific Co., Ltd.

Chairman: Zhong-Liang Pan Date: March 13, 2023



# 安侯建業群合會計師事務的 KPMG

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#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors of Topco Scientific Co., Ltd.: **Opinion** 

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Topco Scientific Co., Ltd. ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (please refer to Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Account of Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirement. Based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

#### **Other Matter**

We did not audit the financial statements for certain investments accounted for using equity method in the consolidated financial statements of the Group for 2022 and 2021. The investments accounted for using equity method constituted 7.13% and 7.23% of the total consolidated assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021; and the share of profits of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method constituted 12.85% and 13.72% of profit before tax for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amount of investments accounted for equity method, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

The Company has prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, on which we have issued unmodified opinions with other matter paragraph.



#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audits of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audits of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

## 1. Recognition of Operating Revenue

Please refer to note 4(p) "Revenue" for accounting policies related to revenue recognition; note 5(b) for revenue recognition of construction and the percentage of completion method for construction contracts; and note 6(y) "Revenue" for details of revenue.

#### Description of Key Audit Matters:

Due to the wide variety of the Group's products, different transactions were generated according to customers and product portfolio. Identification of revenue recognition has significant influence on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. In addition, the budgets for construction contracts highly depend on the management's judgments. The evaluation of above budgets may result in significant changes in income and losses for the reporting period. Therefore, revenue recognition is considered as one of the key matters in our audits.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audits:

Our principal audit procedures included: testing related manual and systematic control over sales cycle to assess if the revenue recognition policies of the Group is in accordance with the related standards. In addition, we examined the sales contracts between the Group and its customers to understand their trading modality and conditions, evaluating and comparing if revenue recognition is consistent with the terms of the contracts; acquiring construction contracts that have significant effects on financial results to verify that there is no diffidence in the percentage of completion calculated by the Group; conducting testing for details of revenue before and after the balance sheet date and verifying if revenue recognition is in accordance with the contract terms.



# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the IFRSs, IASs, IFRC, SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the audit committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.



- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Yiu-Kwan Au and Szu-Chuan Chien.

#### **KPMG**

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 13, 2023

#### **Notes to Readers**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated statement of financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

# (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

#### TOPCO SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

#### December 31, 2022 and 2021

#### (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		December	31, 202	22	December 31, 2			December 31	, 2022	December 31, 2	021	
	Assets	Amoun	<u>t</u>	<u>%</u>	Amount	<u>%</u>		Liabilities and Equity	Amount		Amount	<u>%</u>
	Current assets:							Current liabilities:				
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))		9,523	14	3,751,564	15	2100	Short-term borrowings (note 6(p))	\$ 755,0	33 3	1,452,782	
1110	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))		0,096	1	329,565	1	2120	Total current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))	-	-	302	
1140	Current contract assets (note 6(y))		1,753	6	918,686	4	2130	Current contract liabilities (note 6(y))	1,787,8		779,085	
1170	Notes and accounts receivable, net (note 6(d))	7,05	5,323	24	6,965,296	28	2170	Notes and accounts payable	6,431,3	58 22	4,997,829	20
1180	Notes and accounts receivable due from related parties, net (notes 6(d) and 7)	10	9,068	-	93,550	-	2180	Notes and accounts payable to related parties (note 7)	2,774,3	34 9	2,611,490	10
1476	Other current financial assets (notes 6(e), (o) and 8)	1,16	0,482	4	1,093,217	4	2200	Other current financial liabilities (note 6(i))	1,267,0	44 4	940,209	4
1300	Inventories, net (note 6(f))	5,29	1,287	17	3,336,418	13	2230	Current tax liabilities	640,5	28 2	363,407	2
1479	Other current assets, others	81	4,462	3	409,071	2	2250	Current provisions (note 6(s))	181,3	71 1	66,350	-
		20,59	1,994	69	16,897,367	67	2280	Current lease liabilities (note 6(r))	134,7	08 1	93,229	-
	Non-current assets:						2320	Long-term borrowings, current portion (note 6(q))	79,7	01 -	102,351	-
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))	58	6,921	2	265,417	1	2365	Current refund liabilities	14,3	72 -	16,044	-
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (note						2399	Other current liabilities	82,3	36 -	87,015	
	6(c))		8,861	5	1,212,851	5			14,148,5	91 48	11,510,093	45
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (note 6(g))		7,225	7	1,844,403	7		Non-Current liabilities:				
1600	Property, plant and equipment (note 6(k))		4,002	12	3,505,682	14	2540	Long-term borrowings (note 6(q))	1,315,1	93 4	748,314	. 3
1755	Right-of-use assets (note 6(l))	53	1,692	2	464,543	2	2580	Non-current lease liabilities (note 6(r))	397,5	78 1	373,814	2
1760	Investment property, net (notes 6(m) and 8)	13	9,591	-	168,750	1	2670	Deferred tax liabilities and others (notes 6(i) and (v))	616,7	36 2	486,620	2
1780	Intangible assets (note 6(n))	46	8,083	2	516,011	2	2640	Non-current net defined benefit liability (note 6(u))	131,1	78 -	176,954	1
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(v))	5	8,699	-	95,283	-			2,460,6	85 7	1,785,702	
1900	Other non-current assets (notes 6(o) and 8)	34	3,207	1	204,136	1		Total liabilities	16,609,2	76 55	13,295,795	
		9,28	8,281	31	8,277,076	33		Equity attributable to owners of parent (note 6(w)):				
							3100	Ordinary shares	1,816,9	96 6	1,816,996	7
							3200	Capital surplus	2,343,8	48 8	2,345,202	10
							3300	Retained earnings	8,041,6	53 27	6,604,677	26
							3400	Other equity	757.1		829,697	
									12,959,6		11,596,572	
							3610	Non-controlling interests	311,3		282,076	
								Total equity	13,270,9		11,878,648	
	Total assets	\$ 29.88	30,275	100	25,174,443	100		Total liabilities and equity	\$ 29,880,2		25,174,443	
	A VANA MUUVAU	22,00		100	23,17-1,443	100		- viii momines and equity	27,000,2	100	20,17,7770	100

# (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TOPCO SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### **Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

# (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Common Share which is expressed in New Taiwan Dollars)

		2022		2021	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
	Operating Revenues: (notes 6(y) and 7)	Amount		Amount	
4110	Sales revenue	\$ 43,781,509	82	37,485,277	88
4520	Construction revenue	6,773,590	13	3,613,000	8
4800	Other operating revenue	2.423.116	5	1,570,689	4
4000	Operating revenue, net	52,978,215	100	42,668,966	100
	Operating costs: (notes $6(f)$ , $6(u)$ , $6(z)$ , 7 and 12)	32,770,213	100	12,000,700	100
5110	Cost of sales	38,737,337	73	33,587,840	79
5500	Construction cost	6,621,772	13	3,237,807	8
5800	Other operating costs	1,093,742	2	631,115	1
2000	omer operating cools	46,452,851	88	37,456,762	88
5910	Less: Unrealized loss from sales	(292)	-	(292)	
2710	Gross profit	6.525,656	12	5,212,496	12
	Operating expenses: (notes $6(d)$ , $6(u)$ , $6(z)$ , 7 and 12)				
6100	Selling expenses	1,617,562	3	1,320,250	3
6200	Administrative expenses	1,521,832	3	1,239,157	3
6300	Research and development expenses	156,411	-	101,172	-
0500	Total operating expenses	3,295,805	6	2,660,579	6
	Net operating income	3,229,851	6	2,551,917	6
	Non-operating income and expenses:			2,001,017	
7100	Interest income	51,929	_	23,730	_
7010	Other income (notes 6(b), (c), (t) and (aa))	125,124	_	104,019	_
7020	Other gains and losses, net (notes 6(b), (g), (j), (t) and (aa))	346,212	1	(18,234)	_
7050	Finance costs (note $6(r)$ )	(53,106)	-	(34,229)	_
7060	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method (note 6(g))	541,721	1	422,675	1
7670	Impairment loss (note 6(k))	-		(10,029)	-
7070	inputition too (total)	1,011,880	2	487,932	1
	Profit before tax	4,241,731	8	3,039,849	7
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(v))	1,166,556	2	738,889	2
1750	Profit	3,075,175	6	2,300,960	5
8300	Other comprehensive income:	3,073,173		2,500,700	
8310	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	21,812	_	(3,683)	_
8316	Unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(152,613)	_	208,426	1
8320	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, items that will not	(132,013)		200, 120	1
0320	be reclassified to profit or loss	5	_	(51)	-
8349	Less: income tax related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
	(note 6(t))	4,363		(734)	
		(135,159)		205,426	1
8360	Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	99,732	-	(35,275)	-
8399	Less: income tax related to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	10.660		(7.510)	
	(note $6(v)$ )	19,669		(7,510)	
0200		80,063		(27,765)	<del>-</del>
8300	Other comprehensive income	(55,096)		177,661	
	Comprehensive income	\$ 3,020,079	6	2,478,621	6
0.610	Profit, attributable to:	e 2.010.470		2 204 459	-
8610	Attributable to owners of parent	\$ 3,018,478	6	2,294,458	5
8620	Attributable to non-controlling interests	56,697		6,502	<u> </u>
		\$ <u>3,075,175</u>	6	2,300,960	5
	Comprehensive income attributable to:	6 2062302	,	0.470.110	,
	Attributable to owners of parent	\$ 2,963,382	6	2,472,119	6
	Attributable to non-controlling interests	56,697	<del>_</del>	6,502	
		\$ 3,020,079	6	2,478,621	6
07.50	Earnings per share: (note $6(x)$ )		16.61		12.62
9750	Basic net income per share		16.61	-	12.63
9850	Diluted net income per share	<b>3</b>	16.41		12.53

# (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TOPCO SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Equity attributable to owners of parent										
						-	Other equity				
							Unrealized				
							gains				
							(losses) from				
						Exchange	financial assets				
							measured at fair		Total		
			р	Retained earnings		translation of	value				
		_			-				equity	NT.	
	0.11			Unappropriated		foreign	through other	70	attributable	Non-	700 v 1
	Ordinary	Capital	Legal	retained		financial	comprehensive	Total other		controlling	Total
	shares	surplus	reserve	earnings	Total	statements	income	equity	parent	interests	equity
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 1,816,996	2,340,779	1,440,531	4,326,285	5,766,816	(100,032)	749,068	649,036		14,687	10,588,314
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	-	2,294,458	2,294,458	-	-	-	2,294,458	6,502	2,300,960
Other comprehensive income				(3,000)	(3,000)		208,426	180,661	177,661		177,661
Total comprehensive income				2,291,458	2,291,458	(27,765)	208,426	180,661	2,472,119	6,502	2,478,621
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:			202.051	(202.051)							
Legal reserve appropriated	-	-	203,051	(203,051)		-	-	-	- (1.452.505)	-	- (1 452 505)
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	- 2.260	-	(1,453,597)	(1,453,597)	-	-	-	(1,453,597)	-	(1,453,597)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	2,369	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,369	-	2,369
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for		2.051							2.051		2.051
using equity method Changes in non-controlling interests	-	2,051	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,051	260,887	2,051 260,887
Gain on attribute right	-	- 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 2	200,887	200,007
Balance at December 31, 2021	1,816,996	2,345,202	1,643,582	4,961,095	6,604,677	(127,797)	957,494	829,697	11,596,572	282,076	11,878,648
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2022	1,010,770	2,545,202	1,043,362	3,018,478	3,018,478	(127,777)	-	-	3,018,478	56,697	3,075,175
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	17,454	17,454	80,063	(152,613)	(72,550)		-	(55,096)
Total comprehensive income				3,035,932	3,035,932	80,063	(152,613)	(72,550)		56,697	3,020,079
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:				3,030,032	2,022,722	00,002	(102,015)	(72,000	,	20,027	2,020,075
Legal reserve appropriated	_	_	229,146	(229,146)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Cash dividends	-	-	-	(1,598,956)	(1,598,956)	) -	-	-	(1,598,956)	-	(1,598,956)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	(403)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(403)	-	(403)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	-	(951)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(951)	-	(951)
Changes in non-controlling interests										(27,418)	(27,418)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 1,816,996	2,343,848	1,872,728	6,168,925	8,041,653	(47,734)	804,881	757,147	12,959,644	311,355	13,270,999

# (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TOPCO SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

#### For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2022	2021	
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities: Profit before tax	\$	4.241.731	3,039,849	
Adjustments:	ψ	7,271,731	3,037,047	
Adjustments to reconcile profit:				
Depreciation expense		383,023	338,347	
Amortization expense Expected credit loss		73,057 34,625	41,799 17,606	
Net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(248,495)	(31,921)	
Interest expense		53,106	34,229	
Interest income		(51,929)	(23,730)	
Dividends income		(70,984)	(37,249)	
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		(541,721)	(422,675)	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method		26,653	25,922 (13,352)	
Impairment loss		-	10,029	
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries		-	(17,397)	
Others		(12)	(559)	
Total adjustments to reconcile profit		(342,677)	(78,951)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Changes in operating assets:				
Increase in contract assets		(753,067)	(414,997)	
Increase in notes and accounts receivable		(142,052)	(1,010,982)	
Decrease in inventories		(1,954,869)	(129,299)	
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		52,174	106,205	
Increase in other current assets		(405,396)	(143,674)	
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets  Total changes in operating assets		(21,108) (3,224,318)	8,246 (1,584,501)	
Changes in operating liabilities:		(3,224,316)	(1,364,301)	
Increase in contract liabilities		1,008,721	280,862	
Increase in notes and accounts payable		1,596,373	1,395,425	
Increase in other current financial liabilities		319,787	184,092	
Increase (decrease) in provisions		115,021	(102,675)	
Decrease in refund liabilities  Decrease in other current liabilities		(1,672)	(11,180)	
Decrease in others		(4,679) (23,964)	(276,078) (26,453)	
Total changes in operating liabilities		3,009,587	1,443,993	
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities		(214,731)	(140,508)	
Total adjustments		(557,408)	(219,459)	
Cash inflow generated from operations		3,684,323	2,820,390	
Interest received		50,055	25,215	
Dividends received Interest paid		309,344 (53,040)	296,821 (34,209)	
Income taxes paid		(807,131)	(511,351)	
Net cash flows from operating activities		3,183,551	2,596,866	
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:				
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(278,623)	(167,841)	
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss  Proceeds from liquidation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		13,984	18,993 777	
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method		(30,406)	(10,000)	
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method		-	(10,000)	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(368,588)	(405,530)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		6,891	3,528	
Increase in refundable deposits		(137,899)	(141,329)	
Acquisition of intangible assets		(23,260)	(10,488)	
Net payment for acquisition of subsidiaries Net cash received on disposal of subsidiaries		(12,824)	(190,502) 46,400	
Decrease in other non-current assets		13,983	-	
Increase in restricted assets		(58,634)	(93,002)	
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(875,376)	(948,993)	
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		(50==10)		
Increase (decerase) in short-term borrowings		(697,749)	57,587	
Addition of long-term borrowings Repayments of long-term borrowings		624,080 (79,851)	350,120 (87,688)	
Increase in guarantee deposits received		81,544	62,944	
Payment of lease liabilities		(139,545)	(116,360)	
Cash dividends paid		(1,598,956)	(1,453,597)	
Changes in non-controlling interests		(27,821)	(50,414)	
Others			3	
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(1,838,298)	(1,237,405)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		78,082 547,959	(30,459)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		3,751,564	3,371,555	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$	4,299,523	3,751,564	
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# (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TOPCO SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

#### (1) Company history

TOPCO SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD. (the "Company") was incorporated on February 17, 1990, as a company limited by shares and registered under the Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C. The address of the Company's registered office is 6F., No. 483, Sec. 2, Tiding Blvd., Neihu District, Taipei City. The Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group" and individually as "Group entities") engage in importing, exporting, trading, and acting as agent of various products, including (1) electronics products, electrical products, and mechanical product; (2) manufacturing technology and equipment for high-tech products, such as integrated circuit, optoelectronic devices, packaging material, and electronic component; (3) planning, design and installation of water purification, water wasting and recycling systems equipment; (4) selling related materials, providing integration services, and operating power station of solar energy; (5) wholesale of fishery products and cooperate with foreign fishing companies; (6) operating the tourism factory, restaurant, and retail sales of food products; (7) waste removal and disposal business; (8) environment-related engineering planning, assessment, supervision and monitoring and (9) setting up a sport center that operates and provides sport training programs. Please refer to note 14 for related segment information.

#### (2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements were approved for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 13, 2023.

#### (3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

(a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Group has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2022:

- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment—Proceeds before Intended Use"
- Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts—Cost of Fulfilling a Contract"
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Group assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2023, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

#### (c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The following new and amended standards, which may be relevant to the Group, have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), but have yet to be endorsed by the FSC:

Standards or Interpretations	Content of amendment	Effective date per IASB
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"	Under existing IAS 1 requirements, companies classify a liability as current when they do not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date. The amendments has removed the requirement for a right to be unconditional and instead now requires that a right to defer settlement must exist at the reporting date and have substance.	January 1, 2024
	The amendments clarify how a company classifies a liability that can be settled in its own shares – e.g. convertible debt.	

The Group is evaluating the impact of its initial adoption of the abovementioned standards or interpretations on its consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance. The results thereof will be disclosed when the Group completes its evaluation.

The Group does not expect the following other new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"
- IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" and amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"
- Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 Comparative Information"
- IFRS16 "Requirements for Sale and Leaseback Transactions"

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (4) Summary of significant accounting policies

## (a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C.

# (b) Basis of preparation

#### (i) Basis of measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis:

- 1) Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- 2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value; and
- 3) The defined benefit liabilities (assets) are measured at fair values of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation, limited as explained in note 4(q).

#### (ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each Group entities is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entities operate. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

## (c) Basis of consolidation

#### (i) Principle of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group 'controls' an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Group attributes the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The Group prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognized directly in equity, and the Group will attribute it to the owners of the parent.

# (ii) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

The details of the subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

		Percei	ntage of owner	rship	
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Principal activity	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
The Company	Taiwan E&M System Inc. (Taiwan E&M)	Sales of electronic material	100%	100%	
//	Topco Group Ltd. (Topco Group)	Investment	100%	100%	
"	Topco International Investment Co., Ltd. (Topco International Investment)	Investment	100%	100%	
"	Topco Investment Co., Ltd. (Topco Investment)	Investment	100%	100%	
"	ECO Technical Services Co., Ltd. (Chien Yueh)	Water purification and construction of dust-proof room	100%	100%	
"	Anyong Biotechnology, Inc. (Anyong Biotechnology)	Aquaculture and strategic partnership with fish processing	100%	100%	
"	Anyong FreshMart. Inc.( Anyong Fresh Mart.)	Wholesale and retail sales of fishery products and supermarket operation	100%	100%	
"	Xiang Yueh Co., Ltd. ( Xiang Yueh)	Waste Disposal	83%	83%	
"	Jia Yi Energy Co., Ltd. (Jia Yi Energy)	Manufacture of machinery and electronic spare parts	84%	84%	The Company and Topco International Investment jointly held its entire shares.
"	Yilan Anyong Lohas, Co., Ltd. (Anyong Lohas)	Restaurant and retail sales of food products	100%	100%	
"	Topscience (s) Pte Ltd. (Topscience (s))	Sales of parts of semiconductor and optoelectronic industries	100%	100%	
n	Unitech New Energy Engineering Co., LTD (Unitech New Energy Engineering)	Environment-related engineering planning, assessment, supervision and monitoring	77.60%	77.60%	
"	Topco Scientific USA Corp. (Topco Scientific USA)	Wholesale of semiconductor material	100%	100%	
The Company	Xports Sports Co. Ltd (Xports Sports)	Sport Training	100%	-%	The Company acquired 100% shares of Xports Sports from Topco Investment in the third quarter of 2022.

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

# Percentage of ownership

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Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Principal activity	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
Topco Group	Asia Topco Holding Ltd. (Asia Cayman)	Investment	100%	-%	The company was established in November 2022.
"	Hong Kong Topco Trading Limited (Topco Trading)	Wholesale of semiconductor material and electronic material	100%	100%	
"	Asia Topco Investment Ltd. (Asia Topco)	Investment	-%	100%	
Asia Cayman	Asia Topco Investment Ltd. (Asia Topco)	Investment	100%	-%	Due to the adjustment of the Company's internal organizational structure in December 2022, the subsidiary of the Company, Asia Cayman, issued new shares as consideration for shares conversion.
Asia Topco	Topco Scientific (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Topco Shanghai)	Wholesale of semiconductor material and electronic material	100%	100%	
"	Suzhou Topco Construction Ltd. (Topco Suzhou)	Water purification and cleanroom construction	100%	100%	
"	Topco Chemical (Z.F.T.Z.) Co., Ltd. (Topco Chemical)	Wholesale and sales of chemical products	100%	100%	
Topco Shanghai	Shanghai Chong Yao Trading Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Chong Yao)	Wholesale of semiconductor material and electronic material	98%	98%	Topco Shanghai and Topco Suzhou held its 100% shares jointly.
"	Shanghai perfect microelectronics Co., Ltd.	IC Design Company	51%	-%	The company was established in the third quarter of 2022.
Topco Suzhou	Shanghai Chong Yao	Wholesale of semiconductor material and electronic material	2%	2%	
"	Topco Engineering (Suzhou) LTD. (Topco Engineering)	Water purification and cleanroom construction	100%	100%	
Topscience (s)	Topscience Vietnam Co., Ltd. (Topscience Vietnam)	Sales of parts of semiconductor and optoelectronic industries	100%	100%	
"	Anyong (s) Pte. LTD. (Anyong (s))	Wholesale and retail sales of fishery products	100%	100%	
"	Ping Yue Technologies SDN.BHD. (Ping Yue Technologies)	Sales of semiconductor material and equipment	100%	-%	The company was established in May 2022.

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

# Percentage of ownership

Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiany		December	December	Description
Topco International Investment	Name of Subsidiary  Cityspace International Co., Ltd. (Cityspace)	Principal activity Wholesale and sales of cosmetic	31, 2022 67%	31, 2021 67%	Description
"	Topco Scientific (Japan) Co., Ltd. (Topco Japan)	Sales of facilities of semiconductor and clean room	100%	100%	
"	Kuan Yueh Technology Engineering Co.,Ltd. (Kuan Yueh Technology)	Development of renewable energy projects; Configure pipeline construction and	100%	100%	
"	Jia Yi Energy	device installation  Manufacture of machinery and electronic spare parts	16%	16%	
"	Kanbo Biomedical Co., Ltd. (Kanbo Biomedical)	Sales of health food products	100%	100%	
"	Topchem Materials Corp. (Topchem Materials)	Antifouling surface protection, light- blocking material and the manufacture of other chemicals	100%	100%	
"	Tai Ying Resource Industrial Corp. (Tai Ying Resource)	Waste Disposal Industry	48.80%	48.80%	Topco International Investment and Chien Yueh held its 51.85% shares jointly.
Topco International Investment	Topchip electronic Co. Ltd. (Topchip)	IC Design and Sales Company	100.00%	-%	The company was established in May 2022.
"	Thermaltake green power Co. Ltd- (Thermaltake green power)	Renewable-energy- based electricity retailing	100.00%	-%	The company was established in August 2022.
Topco Investment	Multi Rich Technology Co., Ltd. (Multi Rich Technology)	Wholesale of fishery products	98%	98%	
"	Ding Yue Solar Co., Ltd. (Ding Yue Solar)	Development of renewable energy projects	100%	100%	
"	Xports Sports Co., Ltd. (Xports Sports)	Sport training	-%	100%	Topco Investment sold all shares of Xport Sports to the Company in the third quarter of 2022.
"	Min Jen Restaurant Business Co., Ltd. (Min Jen Restaurant)	Restaurant	69%	69%	Min Jen Restaurant had applied for liquidation procedures in December 2022.
"	Yun Yueh Technology Co., Ltd (Yun Yueh Technology)	Aquaculture and wholesale and sales of fishery products	55%	75%	Topco Investment acquired all the shares of Yun Yueh Technology in the third quarter of 2022 and sold 45% of the shares in the fourth quarter of 2022.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### Percentage of ownership

Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Principal activity	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
Jia Yi Energy	Jing Chen Energy Co., Ltd. (Jing Chen Energy)	Development of renewable energy projects.	100%	100%	
"	Jing Yang Energy Co., Ltd. (Jing Yang Energy)	"	100%	100%	
"	Jing Yueh Energy Co., Ltd. (Jing Yueh Energy)	"	100%	100%	
Taiwan E&M	Top Vacuum Co., Ltd. (Top Vacuum)	Vacuum pump equipment maintenance	60%	60%	
Chien Yueh	Tai Ying Resource	Waste Disposal Industry	3.1%	3%	
"	Unitech New Energy Engineering	Environment-related engineering planning, assessment, supervision and monitoring	1%	1%	
Topco Japan	Shunkawa Corporation (Shunkawa )	Import and export of semiconductor raw materials	100%	-%	The company was established in April 2022.
Tai Ying Resource	Tai Ying Global Trading Ltd., Co. (Tai Ying Global Trading)	International trading company	100%	-%	The company was established in July 2022.

#### (d) Foreign currencies

#### (i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Group entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- · an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- · a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective; or
- · qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the presentation currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence, or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

When the settlement of a monetary receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, Exchange differences arising from such a monetary item that are considered to form part of the net investment in the foreign operation are recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### (e) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

The business cycle of the construction contracts is usually longer than a year, therefore, the balance sheet accounts related to the construction contracts are classified as current.

An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in IAS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(iv) The Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by issuing equity instruments do not affect its classification.

# (f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

The time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes are reclassified as cash equivalents.

#### (g) Financial instruments

Account receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is an account receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. An account receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

#### (i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) – equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

## 1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- · it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established.

#### 3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

#### 4) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL)on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, amortized costs, notes and accounts receivable, other receivable, leases receivable, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets), and contract assets.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

·debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and

other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

The Group considers a debt security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade which is considered to be BBB- or higher per Standard & Poor's, Baa3 or higher per Moody's or twA or higher per Taiwan Ratings'.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when the financial asset is more than 90 days past due or the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full.

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial assets is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- ·significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- ·a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- ·it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For corporate customers, the Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

#### 5) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### 1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### 2) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued are recognized as the amount of consideration received, less the direct cost of issuing.

#### 3) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### 4) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

## 5) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (h) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is based on the weighted-average-cost principle and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less, the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

#### (i) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition, less, any accumulated impairment losses.

The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those associates, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases. The Group recognizes any changes of its proportionate share in the investee within capital surplus, when an associate's equity changes due to reasons other than profit and loss or comprehensive income, which did not result in changes in actual significant influence.

Gains and losses resulting from the transactions between the Group and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Group's interest in the associate.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interests in an associate, it discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. After the recognized interest is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

When the Group subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment will differs from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. The aforesaid adjustment should first be adjusted under capital surplus. If the capital surplus resulting from changes in ownership interest is not sufficient, the remaining difference is debited to retained earnings. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of the associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate will be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

#### (j) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation expense is calculated based on the depreciation method, useful life, and residual value which are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount) is recognized in profit or loss.

Rental income from investment property is recognized as other revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

#### (k) Property, plant and equipment

## (i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

#### (ii) Subsequent cost

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straightline basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

1) Buildings: 1~51 years

2) Building improvement: 3~10 years

3) Machine and others:  $1\sim30$  years

Depreciation methods, useful lives, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date, and adjusted if appropriated.

#### (iv) Reclassification to investment property

The property is reclassified to investment property at its carrying amount when the use of the property changes from owner-occupied to investment property.

#### (1) Lease

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### (i) As a leasee

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying asset, or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value-asset, induding machinery and IT equipment. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a practical expedient, the Group elects not to assess whether all rent concessions that meets all the following conditions are lease modifications or not:

- the rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic;
- the change in lease payments that resulted in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- any reduction in lease payments that affects only those payments originally due on, or before, June 30, 2022; and
- there is no substantive change in other terms and conditions of the lease.

In accordance with the practical expedient, the effect of the change in the lease liability is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concession occurs.

#### (ii) As a leasor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Group applies IFRS15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

#### (m) Intangible assets

#### (i) Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives are measured at cost, less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

#### (ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

#### (iii) Amortization

Amortization is calculated over the cost of the asset, less its residual value, and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

1) Computer software:  $1 \sim 5$  years

2) Right of using: the contract period

3) Customer relationship: 10~11 years

4) Unrealized order: 4~5 years

5) Rights of operating: 2~3 years

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

#### (n) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### (o) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probably that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.

#### (i) Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognized when the underlying products or services are sold, based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (ii) Onerous contracts

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Group from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Group recognizes any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

#### (p) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Group recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer. The accounting policies for the Group's main types of revenue are explained below.

# (i) Sale of goods

The Group sells of semiconductor material and electronic material. The Group recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The Group provides volume rebates to customers that based on accumulated sales for each month or each quarter. Revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the discounts, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. A contract liability is recognized for expected volume discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period.

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

#### (ii) Construction contracts

The Group enters into contracts to construction of dust-proof room and ammonium wastewater. Because its customer controls the asset as it is constructed, the Group recognizes revenue over time on the basis of completion of a physical proportion of the contract work. The consideration promised in the contract includes fixed amounts. The customer pays the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the Group has recognized revenue, but not issued a bill, then the entitlement to consideration is recognized as a contract asset. The contract asset is transferred to receivables when the entitlement to payment becomes unconditional.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

If the Group cannot reasonably measure its progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation of a construction contract, the Group shall recognize revenue only to the extent of the costs expected to be recovered.

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the Group expects the unavoidable costs of performing the obligations under a construction contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under the contract.

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

For constructions, the Group offers a standard warranty to provide assurance that they comply with agreed-upon specifications and has recognized warranty provisions for this obligation; please refer to note 6(q).

#### (iii) Commissions

When the Group acts in the capacity of an agent rather than as the principal in a transaction, the revenue is net amount of commission made by the Group.

## (iv) Electricity generating income

Revenue from the sale of electricity is recognized after the electricity transmission is completed through the grid, and the revenue is calculated according to the fee agreed with Taiwan Power Company.

#### (v) Financing components

The Group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

#### (q) Employee benefits

#### (i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided.

#### (ii) Defined benefit plans

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each the plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity. The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

#### (iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### (r) Share-based payment

The grant-date fair value of equity-settled share-based payment awards granted to employees is generally recognized as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period of the awards. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognized is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

#### (s) Income taxes

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

- (i) temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction;
- (ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reserve, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - 1) the same taxable entity; or
  - 2) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

The 5% surtax on the Company and the domestic subsidiaries' unappropriated earnings is recoded as current tax expense in the following year after the resolution to appropriate retained earnings is approved in a stockholders' meeting.

The Group's income tax returns are calculated and filed based on the Company's and each subsidiary's local tax law. The Group's income tax expenses are the aggregation of all consolidated entities' income tax expenses.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (t) Business combination

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method. The goodwill arising from an acquisition is measured as the excess of (i) the consideration transferred (which is generally measured at fair value) and (ii) the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree, both over the identifiable net assets acquired at the acquisition date. If the amount calculated above is a deficit balance, the Group recognized that amount as a gain on a bargain purchase in profit or loss immediately after reassessing whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed.

All acquisition-related transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except for the issuance of debt or equity instruments.

For each business combination, the Group measures any non controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, if the non-controlling interests are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the Group's net assets in the event of liquidation. Other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition-date fair values, unless another measurement basis is required by the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the Group remeasures its previously held equity interest in the acquiree at its acquisition-date fair value, and recognize the resulting gain or loss, if any, in profit or loss. In prior reporting periods, the Group may have recognized changes in the value of its equity interest in the acquiree in other comprehensive income. If so, the amount that was recognized in other comprehensive income will be recognized on the same basis as would be required if the Group had disposed directly of the previously held equity interest. If the disposal of the equity interest required a reclassification to profit or loss, such an amount shall be reclassified to profit or loss.

# (u) Earnings per share

The Group discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. Basic earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares. Dilutive potential ordinary shares comprise employee compensation not yet approved by the Board of Directors.

#### (v) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group). Operating results of the operating segment are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of stand-alone financial information.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and the IFRSs (in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and endorsed by the FSC) requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management recognizes any changes in accounting estimates during the period and the impact of those changes in accounting estimates in the following period.

Information about judgments made in applying accounting policies that do not have the significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Additionally, the uncertainty of the following assumptions and estimates has a significant risk that the amount of assets and liabilities will be adjusted significantly in the next financial year, and the impact of COVID-19 pandemic has been reflected as follows:

#### (a) Revenue recognition

Contract revenue and costs are recognized by reference to the stage of completion of each contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured based on the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs or actually completion of the contracts. Estimated total contract costs of contracted items are assessed and determined by the management based on the nature of activities, expected sub-contracting charges, construction periods, etc., for each construction contract. Changes in these estimates might affect the calculation of the percentage of completion and related profits from construction contracts. Refer to note 6(y) for further description of construction revenue.

#### (6) Explanation of significant accounts

#### (a) Cash and cash equivalents

	De	December 31, 2022	
Cash on hand	\$	21,225	31,273
Checking accounts and demand deposits		3,045,533	3,147,766
Time deposits		1,232,765	572,525
	\$	4,299,523	3,751,564

Please refer to note 6(ab) for the disclosure of the exchange rate risk and the sensitivity analysis of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	Dec	cember 31, 2022	<b>December</b> 31, 2021
Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss:			
Beneficiary certificate-Funds	\$	190,096	329,565
Domestic listed stocks		145,485	155,089
Foreign listed stocks		83,370	-
Unlisted stocks		312,668	53,308
Foreign unlisted funds		45,398	57,020
	\$	777,017	594,982
Current	\$	190,096	329,565
Non-current		586,921	265,417
	\$	777,017	594,982
Held-for-sale financial liabilities:			
Derivatives not for hedging			
Forward exchange contracts	\$	_	302
	\$		302

The gain or loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, was a gain of \$248,495, and a gain of \$31,921, respectively.

#### (i) Derivative financial instruments

The purpose of trading derivatives not for hedging is to avoid the exposure of currency exchange rate risk arising from operation. The Group does not choose to apply hedge accounting and therefore recognizes the derivatives of held-for-sale financial liability. The details are summarized as follows:

# Forward exchange contract:

	December 31, 2021		
	Contract value		
	(thousand)	Currency	<b>Expiring period</b>
Forward exchange sold	SGD 3,000	SGD to NTD	February 24, 2022

- (ii) During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the dividends of \$19,858 and \$2,349, respectively, related to mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss held on the years then ended, were recognized as other income by the Group.
- (iii) The Group's information of market risk, please refer to note 6(ab).
- (iv) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group did not provide financial assets as collateral for its loans.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (c) Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Domestic listed stocks	\$	143,450	-
Domestic unlisted stocks		1,195,411	1,212,851
	\$	1,338,861	1,212,851

The Group designated the investments shown above as equity securities as at fair value through other comprehensive income because these equity securities represent those investments that the Group intends to hold for long term for strategic purposes.

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the dividends of \$51,126 and \$34,900, respectively, related to equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income held on the years then ended, were recognized as other income by the Group.

There were no disposals of strategic investments and transfers of any cumulative gain or loss within equity relating to these investments for the year ended December 31, 2021.

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's unrealized gain or loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income was a loss of \$152,613 and a gain of \$208,426, respectively.

The Group's information of market risk, please refer to note 6(ab).

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group did not provide financial assets as collateral for its loans.

## (d) Notes and accounts receivable (including related parties)

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Notes receivable from operating activities	\$	76,718	98,866
Accounts receivable from measured as amortized cost		7,154,216	6,990,016
Less: Loss allowance		66,543	30,036
	\$	7,164,391	7,058,846
Notes and accounts receivable, net	\$	7,055,323	6,965,296
Notes and accounts receivable due from related parties, net	\$	109,068	93,550

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e., the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, notes and accounts receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as the incorporated forward-looking information.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The loss allowance provisions were determined as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2022</b>			
	oss carrying amount	Weighted- average loss rate	Loss allowance provision	
Current	\$ 6,413,284	0.09%	5,978	
Overdue 0-30 days	582,883	1.00%	5,829	
Overdue 31-60 days	59,190	3.00%	1,776	
Overdue 61-90 days	42,349	5.00%	2,117	
Overdue over 91 days	 133,228	38.16%	50,843	
	\$ 7,230,934		66,543	
	D		1	

	December 31, 2021			
	oss carrying amount	Weighted- average loss rate	Loss allowance provision	
Current	\$ 6,503,425	0.10%	6,439	
Overdue 0-30 days	433,723	1.00%	4,320	
Overdue 31-60 days	21,106	2.93%	633	
Overdue 61-90 days	38,836	5.00%	1,942	
Overdue over 91 days	 91,792	17.68%	16,702	
	\$ 7,088,882		30,036	

The movements in the allowance for notes and accounts receivable were as follows:

			2022	2021
	Balance at January 1	\$	30,036	13,858
	Acquisition through a business combination		-	394
	Impairment losses recognized		36,385	15,849
	Foreign exchange gain (losses)		122	(65)
	Balance at December 31	\$	66,543	30,036
(e)	Other receivables			
		Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
	Other receivables	\$	72,138	49,276
	Less: Loss allowance		14,355	16,235
		\$	57,783	33,041

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (f) Inventories

	Dec	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Merchandise inventories	\$	5,162,444	3,151,776
Work in progress		2,984	41,941
Raw materials		49,883	46,803
Goods in transits		75,976	95,898
	\$	5,291,287	3,336,418

The details of the cost of sales were as follows:

		2022	2021
Cost of sales	\$	38,741,786	33,586,225
Provision (reversal) for inventory valuation loss and obsolescence		(4,968)	1,034
Loss on indemnity of inventory and others	_	519	581
	\$_	38,737,337	33,587,840

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group did not provide inventories as collateral for its loans.

## (g) Investments accounted for using equity method

(i) The Group's financial information for investments accounted for using the equity method that are individually insignificant was as follows:

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
The carrying amount of individually insignificant associates' equity	\$	2,177,225	1,844,403
		2022	2021
Attributable to the Group:			
Profit from continuing operations	\$	541,721	422,675
Other comprehensive income		5	(51)
Total comprehensive income	\$	541,726	422,624

- (ii) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group did not provide any investments accounted for using equity method as collaterals for its loans.
- (iii) The Group disposed of 28% of Winaico's equity and lost significant influence on it in the third quarter of 2021. The disposal cost amounting to \$1 (EUR\$28), resulting in a disposal loss of \$3,139 under the loss on disposal of the related party in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, please refer to note 6(aa) Disposal loss included the exchange difference on translation of foreign financial statements that will be reclassified to profit and loss, which was attributed to associates by the Group.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- (iv) The Group obtained part of the shares of Tai Ying Resource Industrial from the third parties for \$37,000 on July 12, 2021. The percentage of ownership of Tai Ying Resource Industrial increased from 48.48% to 51.85%, thereby the Group had obtained the control of Tai Ying Resource Industrial. In accordance with IFRSs, the original investments which were recorded as the investments accounted for using the equity method should be treated as disposal at fair value and the net gain or loss on disposal of the investment amounted to \$16,491. Please refer to Note 6(aa).
- (v) The associate of the Group, Fei Da Intelligent, which was accounted for using the equity method, increased capital and issued new shares in 2021 and 2022. Due to the acquisition of new shares at a non-shareholding ratio, the net value of equity of Topco Investment that held by the Group decreased \$951 and increased \$2,051 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- (h) Changes in ownership of subsidiaries
  - (i) For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company failed to subscribe proportionately in the cash capital increase of its subsidiary, Xiang Yueh, resulting in a decrease in its net equity in Xiang Yueh by \$398. Moreover, Xiang Yueh issued new shares amounting to \$10,000 for capital increase in 2021 as consideration for the property, plant and equipment acquired from a non-related party. It resulted in a decrease in its equity by \$2,369 due to a failure of capital subscription proportionately.
  - (ii) The Company acquired the entire shares of its sub-subsidiary, Yun Yueh Technology, a subsidiary of Topco Investment, and sold a portion of the shares in 2022, resulting in the net value of the Company in Topco Investment to decrease by \$5.
  - (iii) In summary, the above capital surplus decreased by \$403 and increased by \$2,369 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, due to the above transaction.
- (i) Acquisition of the subsidiary
  - (i) Acquisition of the subsidiary-Top Vacuum

In order to provide the integrated equipment peripheral services for semiconductor and optoelectronic customers, the Group obtained the control of Top Vacuum by acquiring 60% of Top Vacuum shares from third parties through its 100%-owned subsidiary Taiwan E&M on January 15, 2021, thereby obtaining the control of Top Vacuum. The main business activity of Top Vacuum is the vacuum pump equipment maintenance.

The main types of consideration transferred, assets acquired, and liabilities assumed on the acquisition date, and the amount of recognized goodwill are summarized as follows:

1) At the acquisition date, the fair value of each major class of consideration transferred are summarized as below:

Cash \$ 45,035

As of December 31, 2021, the consideration transferred has been fully paid.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## 2) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarizes the recognized amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date.

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,723
Contract assets	16,012
Notes and accounts receivable, net	20,725
Inventories, net	18,987
Other current assets	453
Property, plant and equipment	4,121
Right-of-use assets	13,633
Other non-current assets	7,198
Notes and accounts payable	(14,176)
Other current financial liabilities and other current liabilities	(16,902)
Lease liabilities (including current and non-current)	 (13,739)
Total identifiable net assets acquired	\$ 64,035

## 3) Goodwill

Goodwill arising from the acquisition was as follows.

Consideration transferred	\$ 45,035
Non-controlling interest in the acquiree, if any (proportionate share	
of the fair value of the identifiable net assets)	25,614
Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets	 64,035
Goodwill (note 6(n))	\$ 6,614

Goodwill is mainly derived from Top Vacuum profitability in the semiconductor and optoelectronic equipment repair market and its employee value. It is expected that Top Vacuum and the Group's equipment business will be integrated to generate the synergy.

## 4) Related costs of acquisition

The transaction cost amounted to \$120, including appraisal fees which were recorded as the administrative expenses in 2021.

## (ii) Acquisition of the subsidiary-Unitech New Energy Engineering

In order to expand the related business of circular economy as well as environmental engineering consultancy and integrate with the clean energy environmental engineering business, the Company and its 0%- owned subsidiary ECO Technical Services acquired 776 thousand shares and 10 thousand shares of Unitech New Energy Engineering at New Taiwan Dollars \$560 per share from third parties, totaling \$440,160. The transaction was approved by the temporary Board of Directors on July 13, 2021. The acquisition price was based on the appraised report which was issued by Duff & Phelps Limited, Taiwan Branch (BVI). The main business activities of Unitech New Energy Engineering are environmental engineering assessment and monitoring services.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The transaction was completed on July 30, 2021. The Group acquired 78.6% of Unitech New Energy Engineering shares on that date, thereby the Group had obtained the control of Unitech New Energy Engineering.

The main types of consideration transferred, assets acquired, and liabilities assumed on the acquisition date, and the amount of recognized goodwill as well as identifiable Intangible assets are summarized as follows:

1) At the acquisition date, the fair value of each major class of consideration transferred are summarized as below:

Cash \$ 440,160

As of December 31, 2021, the investment payment amounting to \$398,384 had been paid by the Group, and the remaining amount was separately recognized under "Other current financial liabilities" and "Deferred tax liabilities and others" in the consolidated balance sheet, both for \$20,888. According to the share purchase agreements, if Unitech New Energy Engineering's net profit meets the certain criteria in 2021 and 2022, the Group will pay \$20,888 at the settlement expiration of one year and two years to Unitech New Energy Engineering, respectively, totaling \$41,776. The investment payment amounting to \$12,824 had been paid by the Group in 2022, resulting in the remaining amount of \$28,952 to be recognized as other current financial liabilities in the balance sheet.

2) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarizes the recognized amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date.

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 102,266
Notes and accounts receivable, net	370,045
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	829
Other current assets	2,133
Property, plant and equipment	23,843
Right-of-use assets	3,319
Other non-current assets	14,890
Identifiable Intangible assets	216,900
Notes and accounts payable	(279,200)
Other current financial liabilities and other current liabilities	(102,559)
Lease liabilities (including current and non-current)	 (3,352)
Total identifiable net assets acquired	\$ 349,114

The fair value of identifiable net assets was based on the appraisal report that issued by Duff & Phelps Limited, Taiwan Branch (BVI).

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### 3) Goodwill

Goodwill arising from the acquisition was as follows.

Consideration transferred	\$ 440,160
Non-controlling interest in the acquiree, if any (proportionate share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets)	88,770
Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets	349,114
Goodwill (Notes 6(n))	\$ 179,816

Goodwill is mainly derived from Unitech New Energy Engineering's profitability in the environmental assessment consulting market and its employee value. It is expected that Unitech New Energy Engineering and the Group's environmental engineering business will be integrated to generate the synergy.

## 4) Related costs of acquisition

The cost amounted to \$2,254, including appraisal fees, auditing fees, and legal fees in the acquisition transaction which were recorded as administrative expenses in 2021.

## (iii) Acquisition of the subsidiary-Tai Ying Resource Industrial

In consideration with the sludge reuse business conforms to the concept of corporate social responsibility and growth potential, the Company used its 100%-owned subsidiaries Topco International Investment and ECO Technical Services to acquire 1,830 thousand shares and 670 thousand shares of Tai Ying Resource Industrial at New Taiwan Dollars \$14.8 per share from third parties, totaling of \$37,000. The transaction was approved by the temporary Board of Directors on June 21, 2021. The main business activities of Tai Ying Resource Industrial are clean up of waste and artificial quartz manufacturing.

The transaction was completed on July 12, 2021. The Group acquired 11.36% of the Tai Ying Resource Industrial shares on that date, and its equity in Tai Ying increased from 40.48% to 51.84%, thereby the Group had obtained the control of Tai Ying. The investment accounted by using the equity method was changed to be enclosed as subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements.

The main types of consideration transferred, asset acquired, and liabilities assumed on the acquisition date, and the amount of goodwill recognized are summarized as follows:

1) The following table summarizes the acquisition-date fair value of each major class of consideration transferred.

Cash \$ 37,000

As of December 31, 2021, the consideration transferred has been fully paid.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## 2) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarizes the recognized amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date.

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 159,928
Notes and accounts receivable, net	20,782
Other current assets	15,702
Inventories	3,476
Property, plant and equipment	54,175
Right-of-use assets	9,366
Other non-current assets	2,599
Identifiable Intangible assets,	32,622
Notes and accounts payable	(126)
Other current financial liabilities and other current liabilities	(31,590)
Lease liabilities (including current and non-current)	 (9,536)
Total identifiable net assets acquired	\$ 257,398

The fair value of identifiable net assets was based on the appraisal report that issued by ACEVA Consulting Co.

## 3) Goodwill

Goodwill arising from the acquisition was as follows.

Consideration transferred	\$ 37,000
Add: Non-controlling interest in the acquiree, if any (proportionate	
share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets)	139,899
Add: The fair value of the original equity of the acquiree	120,320
Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets	 257,398
Goodwill (Notes 6(n))	\$ 39,821

Goodwill is mainly derived from Tai Ying Resource Industrial's profitability in cleaning up of waste and artificial quartz manufacturing. It is expected that Tai Ying Resource Industrial and the Group's recycling business will be integrated to generate the synergy.

## 4) Related costs of acquisition

The transaction cost amounted to \$189, including appraisal fees which were recorded as administrative expenses in 2021.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (j) Loss of control of subsidiaries

(i) On July 30, 2021, the Group sold its 100%- owned subsidiary General Precise Technology to an associate and had lost control of it. The disposal price and disposal gain were \$64,578 and \$33,445, respectively. The realized gain of disposal amounting to \$20,067 was recorded as other gains and losses—gains on disposal of subsidiary in consolidated statement of comprehensive income, with a deduction of unrealized gain on selling to associates amounting to \$13,378, please refer to note 6(aa).

The book value of General Precise Technology on July 30, 2021 were as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,178
Inventories	11,158
Notes and accounts receivable, net	27,158
Property, plant and equipment	7,874
Other current financial assets and other current assets	827
Right-of-use assets	7,382
Other non-current assets	426
Notes and accounts payable	(25,776)
Other current financial liabilities and other current liabilities	(8,405)
Lease liabilities (including current and non-current)	 (7,689)
Book value of previous subsidiary's net assets	\$ 31,133

(ii) The subsidiary of DIO had completed its liquidation procedures in December 2021. The disposal loss amounting to \$2,670 was recorded as other gains and losses—gains on disposal of subsidiary in consolidated statement of comprehensive income, please refer to note 6(aa).

## (k) Property, plant and equipment

The cost, depreciation, and impairment of the property, plant and equipment of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

		Tand	Buildings and building	Machinery and	Total
Cost:		Land	improvement	others	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	686,645	1,615,123	2,241,627	4,543,395
Additions		-	5,050	363,412	368,462
Disposals		-	(19,073)	(125,536)	(144,609)
Reclassification from Investment property		-	34,013	-	34,013
Reclassifications		78,028	644	(82,198)	(3,526)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	_	2,384	8,407	690	11,481
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	767,057	1,644,164	2,397,995	4,809,216

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	Land	Buildings and building improvement	Machinery and others	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 656,466	1,588,234		4,142,680
Additions	-	17,907	396,388	414,295
Disposals	-	-	(139,799)	(139,799)
Acquisition through a business combination	14,872	7,627	123,360	145,859
	-	-	(14,686)	(14,686)
Reclassifications	15,307	4,055	(21,278)	(1,916)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	 	(2,700)	(338)	(3,038)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 686,645	1,615,123	2,241,627	4,543,395
Depreciation and impairments loss:	 			_
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ -	354,792	682,921	1,037,713
Depreciation	-	54,860	181,880	236,740
Disposals	-	(19,073)	(91,992)	(111,065)
Reclassification from Investment property	-	113	-	113
Reclassifications	-	-	(228)	(228)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	 	1,488	453	1,941
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 	392,180	773,034	1,165,214
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ -	300,849	565,685	866,534
Depreciation	-	53,965	161,209	215,174
Impairment loss	-	-	10,029	10,029
Acquisition through a business combination	-	611	63,109	63,720
Loss of control of subsidiary	-	-	(6,812)	(6,812)
Disposals	-	-	(110,349)	(110,349)
Reclassification to Investment property	-	-	284	284
Effect of movements in exchange rates	 	(633)	(234)	(867)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 	354,792	682,921	1,037,713
Carrying amounts:				
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 767,057	1,251,984	1,624,961	3,644,002
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 656,466	1,287,385	1,332,295	3,276,146
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 686,645	1,260,331	1,558,706	3,505,682

- (i) In May, 2021, the business premise cannot continue to operate due to demolishing for reconstruction, an impairment loss \$10,029 was charged to the relevant equipment after evaluating the recoverable amount by using the residual market value, recorded as other gains and losses—impairment loss in consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- (ii) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group did not provide any property, plant and equipment as collateral for its loans.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (l) Right-of-use assets

The Group leases many assets including land and buildings and vehicles. Information about leases for which the Group as a lessee is presented below:

		Land	Buildings	Machinery and others	Total
Cost:		_			
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	5,127	569,877	86,758	661,762
Additions		19,738	154,969	39,586	214,293
Disposals		(1,689)	(51,397)	(23,023)	(76,109)
Effect of movements in exchange rates			1,010		1,010
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	23,176	674,459	103,321	800,956
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	4,915	510,726	75,681	591,322
Additions		-	90,108	29,384	119,492
Acquisition through a business combination		212	36,693	1,144	38,049
Disposals Loss of control of subsidiaries		-	(11,543)	-	(11,543)
Disposals		-	(56,028)	(19,451)	(75,479)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		_	(79)		(79)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	5,127	569,877	86,758	661,762
Depreciation:					
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	2,645	155,251	39,323	197,219
Depreciation		2,358	111,280	25,549	139,187
Disposals		(853)	(43,541)	(23,023)	(67,417)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	_	-	275		275
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	4,150	223,265	41,849	269,264
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	1,483	102,680	32,316	136,479
Depreciation		1,116	90,822	24,312	116,250
Acquisition through a business combination		46	11,225	461	11,732
Loss of control of subsidiaries		-	(4,161)	-	(4,161)
Disposals		-	(45,272)	(17,766)	(63,038)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		-	(43)		(43)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	2,645	155,251	39,323	197,219
Carrying amount:					
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	19,026	451,194	61,472	531,692
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	3,432	408,046	43,365	454,843
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	2,482	414,626	47,435	464,543

## (m) Investment property

Investment property comprises properties that are owned by the Group. The leases of investment properties contain an initial non-cancellable lease term of 2 to 3 years. Some leases provide the lessees with options to extend at the end of the terms.

For all investment property for leasing, the rental income is fixed under the contracts.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The movements of investment property of the Group were as follows:

	Buildings		
Cost:			
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 221,552		
Reclassification to property, plant and equipment	(34,013)		
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	14,078		
Balance at December 31, 2022	<b>\$</b>		
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 228,945		
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	(7,393)		
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ <u>221,552</u>		
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:			
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 52,802		
Depreciation	7,096		
Reclassification to property, plant and equipment	(113)		
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	2,241		
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ <u>62,026</u>		
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 46,752		
Depreciation	6,923		
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	(873)		
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ <u>52,802</u>		
Carrying amount:			
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ <u>139,591</u>		
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 182,193		
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 168,750		
Fair value:			
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$200,582		
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 230,355		

- (i) Parts of the Group's offices were leased to third parties. The fair value of the investment property is measured at the market price
- (ii) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group did not provide any investment property as collateral for its loan.
- (iii) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the fair value parts of investment property of the Group were not valuated by qualified independent appraiser. Instead, they were assessed based on the market value of transaction price of the real estate in the adjacent area, and the inputs of levels of fair value hierarchy were classified to level 3.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (n) Intangible assets

The cost, amortization, and impairment of intangible assets of the Group were as follows:

	_(	Goodwill	Unrealized orders	Customer relationship	Others	Total
Cost:						_
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	226,251	86,275	125,183	78,302	516,011
Acquired by the Group		-	-	-	23,260	23,260
Reclassification		-	-	-	1,851	1,851
Amortization		-	(21,659)	(12,538)	(38,860)	(73,057)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		-			18	18
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	226,251	64,616	112,645	64,571	468,083
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	-			52,223	52,223
Acquired by the Group		-	-	-	10,740	10,740
Acquisition through a business combination		226,251	95,300	130,478	25,061	477,090
Reclassification		-	-	-	17,757	17,757
Amortization			(9,025)	(5,295)	(27,479)	(41,799)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	226,251	86,275	125,183	78,302	516,011

According to the results of the impairment test performed by the Group, there was no impairment loss for goodwill as of reporting date.

## (o) Other financial assets and other non-current assets

## (i) The other current financial assets of the Group were as follows:

	Dece	December 31, 2022		
Restricted assets	\$	1,102,699	1,060,176	
Other receivables		57,783	33,041	
Others		_		
	\$	1,160,482	1,093,217	

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, \$1,035,558 and \$942,939 of the restricted assets are in the account of repatriated offshore funds owing to applying "The Management, Utilization, and Taxation of Repatriated Offshore Funds Act", respectively; \$363 and \$363 of the restricted assets are coming from bank deposits of restricted purpose due to the construction contract conditions; the remains of the restricted time deposits are guarantees for construction contracts, etc. Please refer to note 8.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (ii) The other non-current assets of the Group were as follows:

	Dec	December 31, 2022		
Restricted assets	\$	35,802	19,691	
Refundable deposits		303,249	165,350	
Others		4,156	19,095	
	\$	343,207	204,136	

## (p) Short-term borrowings

The short-term borrowings of the Group were as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 755,033	1,452,782
Unused credit lines	\$ 10,762,176	8,626,786
Range of interest rates	0.59%~5.25%	0.59%~3.90%

The Group did not provide assets as collateral for its loans.

For information on the Group's foreign currency risk and liquidity risk, please see note 6(ab).

## (q) Long-term borrowings

The details were as follows:

		December 31, 2022					
	Currency	Rate	Maturity year		Amount		
Unsecured bank loans	TWD	1.45%~2.425%	2024.4~2036.9	\$	1,394,894		
Less: current portion					(79,701)		
Total				\$_	1,315,193		
Unused credit lines				<b>\$</b>	59,230		
		Decemb	ber 31, 2021				
	Currency	Rate	Maturity year		Amount		
Unsecured bank loans	TWD	1.55%~1.97%	2022.12~2036.9	\$	850,665		
Less: current portion				_	(102,351)		
Total				\$_	748,314		
Unused credit lines				•	44,880		

## (i) Issuance and repayments of long-term borrowings

The Group issued new long-term loans amounted to \$624,080 and \$350,120 in 2022 and 2021, respectively. The repayments amounted to \$79,851 and \$87,688 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) As of December 31, 2022, the repayment schedule for the long-term borrowings was as follows:

Period	Amount
2023.1.1~2023.12.31	\$ 79,701
2024.1.1~2024.12.31	81,167
2025.1.1~2025.12.31	679,473
2026.1.1~2026.12.31	79,473
After 2027.1.1	475,080
	\$ <u>1,394,894</u>

(iii) For the collateral for long-term borrowings, please refer to note 8.

## (r) Lease liabilities

The lease liabilities of the Group were as follows:

Covid-19-related rent concessions (recognized as other

-0	2021
\$ 134,708	93,229
\$ 397,578	373,814
 2022	2021
\$ 8,965	8,760
\$ 19,024	15,948
\$ 16,992	15,642
\$ 13,838	16,142
\$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$	\$\frac{2022}{\$\frac{8,965}{\$}}\$\$ \$\frac{19,024}{\$\frac{16,992}{\$}}\$\$

December 31,

2022

**§** (521) (1,714)

December 31,

2021

The amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the Group were as follows:

		2022	2021
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$</u>	197,843	171,138

## (i) Real estate leases

income)

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group leases land and buildings for its office space, erecting solar power generation equipment and retail stores. The leases of office space typically run for a period of 1 to 20 years, of erecting solar power generation equipment for 20 years, and of retailed stores for 1 to 5 years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract term.

Some leases require the Group to make payments that relate to the property taxes levied on the lessor and insurance payments made by the lessor; these amounts are generally determined annually.

## (ii) Other leases

The Group leases vehicles, with lease terms of 1 to 5 years. In some cases, the Group has options to purchase the assets at the end of the contract term; in other cases, it guarantees the residual value of the leased assets at the end of the contract term.

The Group also leases IT equipment with contract terms of 1 to 3 years. These leases are short-term or leases of low-value items. The Group has elected not to recognize right of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

#### (s) Provisions

	Onerous			
	Wa	arranties	contracts	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	37,293	29,057	66,350
Provisions made during the period		20,479	128,989	149,468
Provisions used during the period		(30,882)	-	(30,882)
Provisions reversed during the period		(3,544)	(480)	(4,024)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		459		459
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	23,805	157,566	181,371
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	156,642	12,383	169,025
Effects of retrospective application		5,686	30,704	36,390
Acquisition through a business combination		2,907	-	2,907
Provisions used during the period		(99,310)	-	(99,310)
Provisions reversed during the period		(27,434)	(14,030)	(41,464)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		(1,198)		(1,198)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	37,293	29,057	66,350

Provisions related to construction revenue are assessed based on historical experience. The aforementioned provisions are expected to settle the majority of the liability over the next year.

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the Group expects the unavoidable costs of performing the obligations under a construction contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under the contract. Because the cost of performing a construction contract had exceeded the economic benefits expected, the Group recognized the provisions to response the cost of the construction contract.

## (t) Operating leases

The Group leases out its investment property. The Group has classified these leases as operating leases, because it does not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of the assets. Please refer to note 6(m) sets out information about the operating leases of

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

investment property.

A maturity analysis of lease payments for the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date were as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Less than one year	\$	6,991	8,119
Between one and five years		1,818	3,438
Between two and three years		1,244	1,368
	\$	10,053	12,925

Rental income from investment properties were \$8,211 and \$8,215 in 2022 and 2021, respectively, and recognized as other income in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

## (u) Employee benefits

## (i) Defined benefit plans

Reconciliations of the defined benefit obligations at present value and plan assets at present value were as follows:

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$	(243,058)	(275,432)	
Fair value of plan assets		111,880	98,478	
Net defined benefit liabilities	\$	(131,178)	(176,954)	

The Group makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account at the Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. The plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) entitle a retired employee to receive retirement benefits based on years of service and average monthly salary for the six months prior to retirement.

## 1) Composition of plan assets

The Group allocates pension funds in accordance with the Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund, and such funds are managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor. With regard to the utilization of the funds, minimum earnings shall be no less than the earnings attainable from two-year time deposits with interest rates offered by local banks.

The Group's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$111,880 as of reporting date. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## 2) Movements in present value of defined benefit obligations

The movements in present value of defined benefit obligations for the Group were as follows:

	 2022	2021
Defined benefit obligation at January 1	\$ (275,432)	(268,201)
Current service costs and interest costs	(2,575)	(2,666)
Benefits paid	20,270	-
Remeasurements of net defined benefit		
liabilities	 14,679	(4,565)
Defined benefit obligations at December 31	\$ (243,058)	(275,432)

## 3) Movements of defined benefit plan assets

The movements in the present value of the defined benefit plan assets for the Group were as follows:

		2022	2021
Fair value of plan assets at January 1	\$	98,478	62,245
Contributions paid by the employer		6,400	35,035
Expected return on plan assets		525	303
Benefits paid		(656)	-
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability	ies	7,133	895
Fair value of plan assets at December 31	\$	111,880	98,478
Actual return on plan assets	\$	7,658	1,198

## 4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	 2022	2021	
Service cost	\$ 952	1,082	
Net interest of net liabilities for defined benefit obligations	 1,098	1,281	
	\$ 2,050	2,363	
Selling expenses	\$ -	-	
Administrative expenses	 2,050	2,363	
	\$ 2,050	2,363	

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

5) Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability recognized in other comprehensive income:

The Group's re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability recognized in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

	 2022	2021	
Accumulated amount at January 1	\$ 71,401	67,718	
Recognized during the period	 (21,812)	3,683	
Accumulated amount at December 31	\$ 49,589	71,401	

## 6) Actuarial assumptions

The following are the Group's principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date:

	December 31,	December 31,
	2022	2021
Discount rate	1.750%	0.625%~0.75%
Future salary increases rate	3.00%	2.00%~3.00%

The expected allocation payment to be made by the Group to the defined benefit plans for the one year period after the reporting date is \$2,400.

The weighted-average lifetime of the defined benefit plan is 13.24 years.

## 7) Sensitivity analysis

If the main actuarial assumptions had changed, the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligation shall be as follows:

#### Effects to the defined benefit obligation **Increased 0.25%** Decreased 0.25% **December 31, 2022** Discount rate (4,409)4,551 Future salary increasing rate 4,391 4,277 December 31, 2021 5,706 Discount rate (5,519)5,447 (5,299)Future salary increasing rate

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown above. The method used in the sensitivity analysis is consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for this period and previous period.

## (ii) Defined contribution plans

The domestic Group entities allocates 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of the Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under this defined contribution plan, the domestic Group entities allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligations.

The domestic Group entities recognized the pension costs under the defined contribution method amounting to \$53,963 and \$41,733 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Payment was made to the Bureau of Labor Insurance.

Other subsidiaries recognized the pension expense, basic endowment insurance expense, and social welfare expenses amounting to \$18,604 and \$17,002 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### (v) Income taxes

## (i) Income tax expenses

## 1) The components of income tax were as follows:

		2022	2021
Current period	\$	1,060,783	621,571
Surtax on unappropriated earnings	_	23,469	18,775
		1,084,252	640,346
Deferred tax expense			
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		82,304	98,543
		82,304	98,543
Current tax expense	\$	1,166,556	738,889

## 2) The amounts of income tax recognized in other comprehensive income were as follows:

	2022	2021
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Remeasurements from defined benefit plans	\$ 4,363	(734)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	 19,669	(7,510)
	\$ 24,032	(8,244)

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

3) Reconciliations of income tax and profit before tax for 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

		2022	2021
Profit before tax	\$	4,241,731	3,039,849
Income tax calculated based on local tax rate of the Company		1,142,476	881,111
Tax exemption on investment income, and domestic investment income, net		(136,329)	(121,952)
Effects of the difference applicable tax rate of foreign dividend income		30,851	(41,006)
Changes in unrecognized deferred tax assets		102,266	32,873
Estimated difference adjustment and others		3,823	(30,912)
Surtax on unappropriated earnings	_	23,469	18,775
	\$	1,166,556	738,889

## (ii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

## 1) Unrecognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

The Group's deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following items:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences	\$	67,453	31,253	
Tax carryforward of unused tax losses		362,155	296,089	
	\$	429,608	327,342	

Deferred tax assets were not recognized because the deductible temporary differences may not be realized in the future.

The R.O.C. Income Tax Act allows net losses, as assessed by the tax authorities, to offset taxable income over a period of ten years for local tax reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilize the benefits therefrom.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

As of December 31, 2022, the information of the Group's unused tax losses for which no deferred tax assets were recognized is as follows:

Year of loss	Expiry year	<u>Unu</u>	ised tax loss
2013 (Assessed)	2023	\$	49,108
2014 (Assessed)	2024		94,381
2015 (Assessed)	2025		171,667
2016 (Assessed)	2026		92,300
2017 (Assessed)	2027		282,520
2018 (Assessed)	2028		249,122
2019 (Assessed)	2029		225,849
2020 (Assessed)	2030		152,935
2021 (Filed/Assessed)	2031		220,881
2022 (Estimated)	2032		272,010
		\$	1,810,773

## 2) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Changes in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	be	Defined enefit plan	Foreign investment loss under equity method	Loss on inventory valuation	Others	Total
Deferred tax assets:						
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	36,259	152	658	58,214	95,283
Recognized in profit or loss		(4,793)	1,363	(162)	(8,960)	(12,552)
Recognized in other comprehensive income	_	(4,363)	- <u>-                                  </u>		(19,669)	(24,032)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$_	27,103	1,515	496	29,585	58,699
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	42,060	35,332	1,058	38,501	116,951
Recognized in profit or loss		(6,535)	(35,180)	(400)	12,203	(29,912)
Recognized in other comprehensive income		734			7,510	8,244
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$_	36,259	152	658	58,214	95,283

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	in inc	Foreign vestment ome under ity method	Others	Total	
Deferred tax liabilities:					
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	380,340	5,244	385,584	
Recognized in profit or loss		55,417	14,335	69,752	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	435,757	19,579	455,336	
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	313,236	3,717	316,953	
Recognized in profit or loss		67,104	1,527	68,631	
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	380,340	5,244	385,584	

(iii) The ROC tax authorities have examined the income tax returns of the Company, as well as Jia Yi Energy, Kuan Yueh Technology, Anyong Biotechnology, Topco International Investment, Anyong Lohas, Taiwan E&M, Chien Yueh, Topchem Materials, Anyong FreshMart, Min Jen Restaurant, Ding Yue Solar, Top Vacuum, Unitech New Energy Engineering, Xiang Yueh, Cityspace, Topco Investment, Xports Sports, Multi Rich Technology, Kanbo Biomedical, Jing Chen Energy, Jing Yueh Energy, Jing Yang Energy and Tai Ying through 2020.

## (w) Capital and other equities

#### (i) Common stock

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the total values of authorized ordinary shares were both amounted to \$2,200,000 (both including \$100,000 for the issuance of employee stock options). The number of authorized ordinary shares were both 220,000 thousand shares, respectively, with par value of New Taiwan Dollars \$10 per share. As of that date, 181,700 thousand of ordinary shares were issued. All issued shares were paid up upon issuance.

## (ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus were as follows:

	De	2022	2021
Capital premium	\$	2,339,175	2,339,175
Stock option-fair value differences of associates and joint			
ventures accounted under equity method		2,285	3,236
Changes in the equity ownership of the subsidiaries		1,966	2,369
Others		422	422
	\$	2,343,848	2,345,202

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit, and only the realized capital surplus can be used to increase the common stock or be distributed as cash dividends. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes capital surplus resulting from premium on issuance of capital stock and earnings from donated assets received. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, capital increases by transferring capital surplus in excess of par value should not exceed 10% of the total common stock outstanding.

On March 13, 2023, the Company's Board of directors resolved to distribute the cash dividends of \$726,798 (New Taiwan dollars \$4 per share) from capital surplus.

## (iii) Retained earnings

According to the Company's articles of incorporation, 10% of annual net earnings (net of incomes taxes), after deducting accumulated deficits, must be set aside as legal reserve. In addition, a special reserve shall be set aside in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The remaining profit, together with the beginning balance of undistributed retained earnings, can be distributed according to the distribution plan proposed by the Board of directors and submitted during the stockholders' meeting for approval. The distribution of earnings or legal reserve and capital surplus, by way of cash, shall be decided during the Board meeting, approved by more than half of the directors, with two thirds of directors in attendance; thereafter, to be reported in the shareholders' meeting of the Company.

According to the Company's dividend policy, the type of dividends should be determined after considering the remaining portion of retained earnings, the business environment, etc. The dividends could be paid whether by cash or stock. No less than 10% of total stockholders' dividends may be distributed in the form of cash dividends. Any remaining profit did not be distributed in the form of cash dividends could be distributed in the form of stock dividends according to the Company's articles proposed by the Board of directors and submitted to the stockholders' meeting for approval.

## 1) Legal reverse

When a company incurs no loss, it may pursuant to a resolution by the shareholders' meeting, distribute its legal reserve by issuing new shares or by distributing cash. Only the portion of the legal reserve which exceeds 25% of capital may be distributed.

#### 2) Special reverse

In accordance with the FSC, a portion of current-period earnings and undistributed prior-period earnings shall be reclassified as a special earnings reserve during earnings distribution. The amount to be reclassified should equal the current-period total net reduction of other shareholders' equity. Similarly, while distributing the surplus of 2019 to 2020, a portion of undistributed pior period earnings shall be reclassified as a special earnings reserve (and does not qualify for earnings distribution) to account for cumulative changes to other shareholders' equity pertaining to prior periods. Amounts of subsequent reversals pertaining to the net reduction of other shareholders' equity shall qualify for additional distributions.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## 3) Earnings distribution

The amount of cash dividends of appropriations of earnings for 2021 and 2020 had been approved in the Board meetings held on March 13, 2022 and March 16, 2021, respectively. The amount of other appropriation items of earnings for 2021 and 2020 had been approved in the regular shareholders' meetings held on May 30, 2022 and August 18, 2021, respectively. These earnings were appropriated as follows:

	2021			2020		
	Amount shar NT (Dol	e	Total amount	Amount per share NT (Dollars)	Total amount	
Dividends distributed to common shareholders:						
Cash dividends	\$	8.8	1,598,956	8.0	1,453,597	

On March 13, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to appropriate the 2022 earnings. These earnings were appropriated as follows:

	2022		
	S	ount per hare Dollars)	Total amount
Dividends distributed to common shareholder:			
Cash dividends	\$	6.0	1,090,198

The information earning distribution can be accessed from the Market Observation Post System.

## (iv) Other equity

	difi tra	Exchange ferences on nslation of foreign financial atements	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	(127,797)	957,494	829,697
Exchange differences on foreign operations:				
The Group		80,063	-	80,063
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:				
The Group		-	(152,613)	(152,613)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	(47,734)	804,881	757,147

2022

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

		Exchange ferences on inslation of foreign financial tatements	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	(100,032)	749,068	649,036	
Exchange differences on foreign operations:					
The Group		(27,765)	-	(27,765)	
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:					
The Group		-	208,426	208,426	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	(127,797)	957,494	829,697	

# (x) Earnings per share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share were as follows:

		2022	2021
Basic earnings per share:			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$	3,018,478	2,294,458
Weighted-average number of outstanding ordinary shares (thousands)	_	181,700	181,700
Basic earnings per share (dollars)	\$	16.61	12.63
Diluted earnings per share:			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$	3,018,478	2,294,458
Weighted-average number of outstanding ordinary shares (thousands)		181,700	181,700
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares (thousands)			
Effect of employee share bonuses		2,232	1,354
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares (after adjustment of potential diluted ordinary shares)	_	183,932	183,054
Diluted earnings per share (dollars)	\$	16.41	12.53

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

# (y) Revenue from contracts with customers

## (i) Details of revenue

	2022				
		emiconductor ad electronics divisions	Environmental engineering group	Other divisions	Total
Primary geographical markets:					
Taiwan	\$	23,433,880	2,540,166	1,844,398	27,818,444
China		18,976,228	3,871,479	67	22,847,774
Others	_	1,809,332	465,076	37,589	2,311,997
	\$_	44,219,440	6,876,721	1,882,054	52,978,215
Major products / services:	_				
Semiconductor and optoelectronic industries	\$	44,219,440	-	-	44,219,440
Water purification and construction of dust-proof room	l	-	6,876,721	-	6,876,721
Others	_	-		1,882,054	1,882,054
	\$_	44,219,440	6,876,721	1,882,054	52,978,215
			2021		
		emiconductor ad electronics divisions	Environmental engineering group	Other divisions	Total
Primary geographical markets:		d electronics			Total
Primary geographical markets: Taiwan		d electronics	engineering		<b>Total</b> 22,713,488
	ar	nd electronics divisions	engineering group	divisions	
Taiwan	ar	delectronics divisions 20,197,500	engineering group	<b>divisions</b> 975,955	22,713,488
Taiwan China	ar	20,197,500 16,164,841	engineering group	975,955 21	22,713,488 18,553,981
Taiwan China	\$	20,197,500 16,164,841 1,374,627	engineering group 1,540,033 2,389,119	975,955 21 26,870	22,713,488 18,553,981 1,401,497
Taiwan China Others  Major products / services: Semiconductor and optoelectronic industries	\$	20,197,500 16,164,841 1,374,627	engineering group 1,540,033 2,389,119	975,955 21 26,870	22,713,488 18,553,981 1,401,497
Taiwan China Others  Major products / services: Semiconductor and optoelectronic	\$ - \$_ \$_	20,197,500 16,164,841 1,374,627 37,736,968	engineering group 1,540,033 2,389,119	975,955 21 26,870	22,713,488 18,553,981 1,401,497 <b>42,668,966</b>
Taiwan China Others  Major products / services: Semiconductor and optoelectronic industries Water purification and	\$ - \$_ \$_	20,197,500 16,164,841 1,374,627 37,736,968	engineering group  1,540,033 2,389,119 - 3,929,152	975,955 21 26,870	22,713,488 18,553,981 1,401,497 <b>42,668,966</b> 37,736,968
Taiwan China Others  Major products / services: Semiconductor and optoelectronic industries Water purification and construction of dust-proof room	\$ - \$_ \$_	20,197,500 16,164,841 1,374,627 37,736,968	engineering group  1,540,033 2,389,119 - 3,929,152	975,955 21 26,870 1,002,846	22,713,488 18,553,981 1,401,497 <b>42,668,966</b> 37,736,968 3,929,152

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (ii) Contract balance

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	January 1, 2021
Notes and accounts receivable (including related parties)	\$	7,230,934	7,088,882	5,693,112
Less: allowance for impairment		66,543	30,036	13,858
Total	<b>\$</b> _	7,164,391	7,058,846	5,679,254
Contract assets —construction	\$_	1,671,753	918,686	487,677
Contract liabilities —construction	\$	1,368,819	467,217	312,178
Contract liabilities – unearned revenue		418,987	311,868	185,721
Total	\$	1,787,806	779,085	497,899

For details on accounts receivable and allowance for impairment, please refer to note 6(d).

The amounts of revenue recognized for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 that were included in contract liability balance at the beginning of the period were \$623,073 and \$445,985, respectively.

The major change in the balance of contract assets and contract liabilities is due to the difference between the point at which the consolidated company transfers goods or service to customers to satisfy its performance obligations and the point at which customers pay. There were no significant changes during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

## (z) Remuneration to employees, directors

According to the Company's articles of incorporation, earning shall first be offset against any deficit, then, a minimum of 4% net profit before tax will be distributed as employee remuneration and a maximum of 3% will be allocated as directors' remuneration. Employees who are entitled to receive the abovementioned employee remuneration, in share or cash, include those of the subsidiaries of the Company who meet certain specific requirements.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company estimated its employees' remuneration amounting to \$331,826 and \$173,950, respectively, and the directors' and supervisors' renumeration amounting to \$82,956 and \$57,983, respectively. The estimated amounts mentioned above are calculated based on the net profit before tax, excluding the remuneration to employees and directors of each period, multiplied by the percentage of remuneration to employees and directors as specified in the Company's articles. These remunerations were expensed under operating expenses during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. If there are any subsequent adjustments to the actual remuneration amounts after the annual shareholder' meeting, the adjustment will be regarded as changes in accounting estimates and will be reflected in profit or loss in the following year. Shares distributed to employees as employee remuneration are calculated based on the closing price of the Company's ordinary shares on the day before the approval by the Board of Directors. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (aa) Non-operating income and expenses

#### (i) Other income

The details of other income were as follows:

		2022	2021
Dividends income	\$	70,984	37,249
Government grants		37,420	35,844
Others	_	16,720	30,926
	\$_	125,124	104,019

## (ii) Other gains and losses

The details of other gains and losses were as follows:

	2022	2021
Foreign currency exchange gains (losses), net	123,547	(38,393)
Gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net	248,495	31,921
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	(26,653)	(25,922)
Gains on disposal of subsidiaries	-	17,397
Gains on disposal of associates	-	13,352
Others	823	(16,589)
\$	346,212	(18,234)

#### (ab) Financial instruments

#### (i) Credit risk

## 1) Credit risk – exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets and contract assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk.

## 2) Concentration to credit risk

The customers of the Group are diverse instead of concentrating on specific customers; therefore, the Group has not suffered any significant credit loss. The Group periodically evaluates the financial positions of these customers to reduce the credit risk of accounts receivables.

## 3) Receivables and debt securities

For credit risk exposure of notes and accounts receivables, please refer to note 6(d). Other financial assets at amortized cost includes other receivables, please refer to note 6(e).

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

These financial assets are considered to have low risk, and thus, the impairment provision recognized during the period was limited to 12 months expected credit losses. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the loss allowance provisions were determined as follows:

		2021	
Balance at January 1	\$	16,235	14,513
Impairment loss (reversal)		(1,760)	1,757
Amounts written off		(120)	(35)
Balance at December 31	\$	14,355	16,235

## (ii) Liquidity risk

The following were the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments.

	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	Within a year	1 ~ 2 years	Over 2 years
December 31, 2022					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term and long-term bank loans	\$ 2,149,927	(2,367,158)	(865,040)	(107,590)	(1,394,528)
Notes and accounts payable (including related parties)	9,205,692	(9,205,692)	(9,205,692)	-	-
Accrued expenses and other payables	1,267,044	(1,267,044)	(1,267,044)	-	-
Lease liabilities (including current and non-current)	532,286	(568,082)	(142,504)	(118,705)	(306,873)
Guarantee deposits received	158,950	(158,950)	(158,950)		<u> </u>
	\$ <u>13,313,899</u>	(13,566,926)	(11,639,230)	(226,295)	<u>(1,701,401</u> )

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	Within a year	1 ~ 2 years	Over 2 years
December 31, 2021					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term and long-term bank loans	\$ 2,303,447	(2,464,282)	(1,572,369)	(88,594)	(803,319)
Notes and accounts payable (including related parties)	7,609,319	(7,609,319)	(7,609,319)	-	-
Accrued expenses and other payables	940,209	(940,209)	(940,209)	-	-
Lease liabilities (including current and non-current)	467,043	(505,056)	(100,319)	(85,494)	(319,243)
Guarantee deposits received	77,406	(77,406)	(77,406)	-	-
Forward exchange contract:	302				
Outflow		(61,322)	(61,322)	-	-
Inflow		61,020	61,020		
	\$ <u>11,397,726</u>	(11,596,574)	(10,299,924)	(174,088)	(1,122,562)

The Group does not expect the cash flows included in the maturity analysis to occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amount.

## (iii) Currency risk

## 1) Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's significant financial assets and liabilities exposed to foreign currency risk were as follows:

(in thousands)

	 December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021			
Financial assets	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	
Financial assets							
USD	\$ 127,959	USD/TWD= 30.71	3,929,621	,	USD/TWD= 27.68	3,308,286	
USD	63,234	USD/CNY= 6.967	1,941,922	,	USD/CNY= 6.372	2,309,949	
ЈРҮ	4,239,122	JPY/TWD= 0.2324	985,172		JPY/TWD= 0.2405	1,023,004	
JPY	1,546,147	JPY/CNY= 0.0527	359,172	, ,	JPY/CNY= 0.0554	302,119	

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	 December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021			
Financial liabilities	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	
USD	\$ 	USD/TWD= 30.71	2,756,867	63,893	USD/TWD= 27.68	1,768,558	
USD	,	USD/CNY= 6.967	2,797,260	93,571	USD/CNY= 6.372	2,590,042	
JPY		JPY/TWD= 0.2324	1,067,531	4,297,818	JPY/TWD= 0.2405	1,033,625	
JPY		JPY/CNY= 0.0527	285,638	840,943	JPY/CNY= 0.0554	202,379	

## 2) Sensitivity analysis

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, account and other receivables, current restricted assets, loans and borrowings, and account and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. An appreciation (depreciation) of 5% of each major foreign currency against Group entities' functional currency as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have influenced the net profit before tax as follows. The analysis is performed on the same basis for both periods.

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
USD (against the TWD)				
Appreciation 5%	\$	58,637	76,987	
Depreciation 5%		(58,637)	(76,987)	
JPY (against the TWD)				
Appreciation 5%		(4,118)	(531)	
Depreciation 5%		4,118	531	
USD (against the CNY)				
Appreciation 5%		(42,766)	(14,006)	
Depreciation 5%		42,766	14,006	
JPY (against the CNY)				
Appreciation 5%		3,678	4,984	
Depreciation 5%		(3,678)	(4,984)	

## 3) Foreign exchange gain and loss on monetary items

Since the Group has many kinds of functional currency, the information on foreign exchange gain (loss) on monetary items is disclosed by total amount. Foreign exchange gains (losses) (including realized and unrealized portions) were as follows:

	2022	2021
Foreign exchange gains (losses) (including realized and	 _	
unrealized portions)	\$ 123,547	(38,393)

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (iv) Interest rate analysis

The details of financial assets and liabilities exposed to interest rate risk were as follows:

		Carrying amount			
	D	December 31, 2022			
Variable rate instruments:					
Financial assets	\$	3,357,047	3,753,450		
Financial liabilities		1,836,006	2,017,032		

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to the interest rate risk of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments on the reporting date. Regarding the assets and liabilities with variable interest rates, the analysis is on the basis of the assumption that the amount of assets and liabilities outstanding at the reporting date were outstanding throughout the year. The rate of change is expressed as the interest rate increase or decrease by 0.25% when reporting to management internally, which also represents management of the Group's assessment on the reasonably possible interval of interest rate change.

If the interest rate had increased or decreased by 0.25%, the net profit before tax would have decreased or increased by the amounts listed below for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which would be mainly resulted from the bank savings, time deposits with variable interest rates and short-term and long-term borrowings with variable interest rates.

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Interest rate increased by 0.25%	\$	3,803	4,341	
Interest rate decreased by 0.25%		(3,803)	(4,341)	

## (v) Fair value of financial instruments

## 1) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is measured on a recurring basis. The carrying amount and fair value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities, including the information on fair value hierarchy were as follows; however, except as described in the following paragraphs, for financial instruments not measured at fair value whose carrying amount is reasonably close to the fair value, and lease liabilities disclosure of fair value information is not required:

(Continued)

# TOPCO SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	December 31, 2022				
	Fair value				
	<b>Book value</b>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss					
Non-derivative financial assets					
mandatorily measured at fair					
value through profit or loss-	e 100.00 <i>c</i>	100.006			100.006
beneficiary certificate funds Non-derivative financial assets	\$ 190,096	190,096	-	-	190,096
mandatorily measured at fair					
value through profit or loss-					
domestic listed stocks	145,485	145,485	_	_	145,485
Non-derivative financial assets	110,100	113,103			110,100
mandatorily measured at fair					
value through profit or loss-					
foreign listed stocks	83,370	83,370	-	-	83,370
Non-derivative financial assets					
mandatorily measured at fair					
value through profit or loss-					
unlisted stocks	312,668	-	-	312,668	312,668
Non-derivative financial assets					
mandatorily measured at fair					
value through profit or loss foreign unlisted funds	45,398			45,398	45,398
Subtotal	777,017	-	-	45,596	43,396
Financial assets at fair value	///,01/				
through other comprehensive					
income	1,338,861	143,450	_	1,195,411	1,338,861
Financial assets measured at		,		, ,	, ,
amortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	4,299,523	-	-	-	-
Notes and accounts receivable					
(including related parties)	7,164,391	-	-	-	-
Other current financial assets	1,160,482	-	-	-	-
Other non-current assets					
(refundable deposits and	222.274				
pledged assets-time deposits)	339,051	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	12,963,447				
Total  Financial liabilities measured at	\$ <u>15,079,325</u>				
amortized cost					
Long-term and short-term bank					
loans	\$ 2,149,927	_	_	_	_
Notes and accounts payable	Ψ 2,119,927				
(including related parties)	9,205,692	-	-	-	_
Accrued expenses and other					
payables	1,267,044	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities (including					
current and non-current)	532,286	-	-	-	-
Guarantee deposits received	158,950	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ <u>13,313,899</u>				

(Continued)

# TOPCO SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	<b>December 31, 2021</b>				
		Fair value			
	<b>Book value</b>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<b>Total</b>
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss					
Non-derivative financial assets					
mandatorily measured at fair					
value through profit or loss-					
beneficiary certificate funds	\$ 329,565	329,565	-	-	329,565
Non-derivative financial assets					
mandatorily measured at fair					
value through profit or loss-					
listed stocks	155,089	155,089	-	-	155,089
Non-derivative financial assets					
mandatorily measured at fair					
value through profit or loss-					
unlisted stocks	53,308	-	-	53,308	53,308
Non-derivative financial assets					
mandatorily measured at fair					
value through profit or loss-					
foreign unlisted funds	57,020	-	-	57,020	57,020
Subtotal	594,982				
Financial assets at fair value					
through other comprehensive					
income	1,212,851	-	-	1,212,851	1,212,851
Financial assets measured at					
amortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	3,751,564	-	-	-	-
Notes and accounts receivable					
(including related parties)	7,058,846	-	-	_	-
Other current financial assets	1,093,217	_	-	_	-
Other non-current assets					
(refundable deposits and					
pledged asset-time deposits)	185,041	_	-	_	-
Subtotal	12,088,668				
Total	\$ 13,896,501				
Financial liabilities at fair value	4				
through profit and loss					
Derivative financial liabilities	302	_	302	_	302
Financial liabilities measured at			502		502
amortized cost					
Long-term and short-term bank					
loans	\$ 2,303,447	_	_	_	_
Notes and accounts payable	Ψ 2,303,447				
(including related parties)	7,609,319	_	_	_	_
Accrued expenses and other	7,000,510				
payables	940,209				
Lease liabilities (including	740,207	_	_	_	_
current and non-current)	467,043				
		-	-	-	-
Guarantee deposits received	77,406	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	11,397,424				
Total	\$ <u>11,397,726</u>				

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## 2) Valuation techniques for financial instruments not measured at fair value

The Group valuation techniques and assumptions used for financial instrument not measured at fair value were as follows:

If there is quoted price generated by transactions, the recent transaction price and quoted price data is used as the basis for fair value measurement. However, if no quoted prices are available, the discounted cash flows are used to estimate fair values.

## 3) Valuation techniques for financial instruments measured at fair value

#### a) Non-derivative financial instruments

Financial instruments traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices. The quoted price of a financial instrument obtained from main exchanges and the government bond with high trading volume can be used as a basis to determine the fair value of the listed companies' equity instrument and the debt instrument of the quoted price in an active market.

#### b) Derivative financial instruments

Fair value of forward exchange contracts is usually determined by the forward currency exchange rate.

Financial assets

#### 4) Transfer from one level to another

There were no transfers from one level to another for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

## 5) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			at fair value through other comprehensive income		
		Equity stment without juoted price	Debt investment without quoted price	Equity investment without quoted price	Total	
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	-	110,328	1,212,851	1,323,179	
Total gains and losses recognized:						
In profit		70,303	(14,408)	-	55,895	
In other comprehensive income		-	-	(46,063)	(46,063)	
Purchased		119,161	86,666	28,623	234,450	
Proceeds of capital reduction of investment			(13,984)	<u> </u>	(13,984)	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	189,464	168,602	1,195,411	1,553,477	
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	-	85,857	1,004,425	1,090,282	
Total gains and losses recognized:						
In profit		-	19,756	-	19,756	
In other comprehensive income		-	-	208,426	208,426	
Purchased		-	24,485	-	24,485	
Proceeds of liquidation of investment		-	(777)	-	(777)	
Proceeds of capital reduction of investment			(18,993)		(18,993)	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$		110,328	1,212,851	1,323,179	

(Continued)

## TOPCO SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

6) The quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Group's financial instruments that use level 3 input to measure fair values include financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income—equity instruments and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—equity securities investment.

Most of fair value measurements of the Group which are categorized as equity investment into level 3 have single significant unobservable inputs, and equity investments without quoted price have several significant unobservable inputs. Significant unobservable inputs of equity investments without quoted price are independent of each other.

The quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

Item Financial assets at fair	Valuation technique Comparable market	Significant unobservable inputs Price Book ratio	Inter relationships between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement The higher the multiple
value through other comprehensive income — equity investment without quoted price	approach	multiples. (7.37~88.13 and 8.50~84.21 respectively, on December 31, 2022 and 2021)	is, the higher the fair value will be.
		Lack of Marketability discount rate (20% all on December 31, 2022 and 2021)	The higher the Lack of Marketability discount rate is, the lower the fair value will be.
	Net asset value method	Net asset value	Inapplicable
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—debt investment without quoted price	Net asset value method	Net asset value method	Inapplicable
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—equity investment without	Comparable market approach	Price Book ratio multiples. (34.05~88.13 on December 31, 2022)	The higher the multiple is, the higher the fair value will be.
quoted price		Lack of Marketability discount rate (20% on December 31, 2022)	The higher the Lack of Marketability discount rate is, the lower the fair value will be.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

7) Fair value measurements in Level 3 – sensitivity analysis of reasonably possible alternative assumptions

For fair value measurements in Level 3, changing one or more of the assumptions to reflect reasonably possible alternative assumptions would have the following effects:

		Move	Impacts of fair value change on net income or loss		change	f fair value on other isive income
	Input	up or down	Favorable change	Unfavorable change	Favorable change	Unfavorabl e change
December 31, 2022						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Equity investment without quoted price	P/B ratio	5%	\$9,473	(9,473)		
	Lack of marketability discount	5%	\$ <u>11,841</u>	(11,841)		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Equity investment without quoted price	P/B ratio	5%	\$		59,763	(59,763)
	Lack of marketability discount	5%	\$ <u> </u>		74,713	(74,713)
December 31, 2021						
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Equity investment without quoted price	P/B ratio	5%	\$		60,623	60,619
	Lack of marketability discount	5%	\$		75,803	75,803

The Group's favorable and unfavorable effects represent the changes in fair value, and fair value is based on a variety of unobservable inputs calculated using a valuation technique. If fair value of financial instruments is affected by more than one input, the analysis above only reflects the effects of changes in a single input, and it does not include the interrelationships with another input.

## (ac) Financial risk management

## (i) Briefings

The Group is exposed to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- 1) Credit risk
- 2) Liquidity risk
- 3) Market risk

The following likewise discusses the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above mentioned risks. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risks exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (ii) Structure of risk management

The Group's finance department provides business services for the overall internal department. It sets the objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk and the methods used to measure the risk arising from both the domestic and international financial market operations.

The Group minimizes the risk exposure through derivative financial instruments. The Board of directors regulated the use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments in accordance with the Group's policy about risks arising from financial instruments such as currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, the use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments and the investments of excess liquidity. The internal auditors of the Group continue with the review of the amount of the risk exposure in accordance with the Group's policies and the risk management policies and procedures. The Group has no transactions in financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) for the purpose of speculation.

#### (iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investment securities.

## 1) Accounts receivable and other receivables

The Group has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group's review includes external ratings, when available, and in some cases bank references. Purchase limits are established for each customer, and these limits are reviewed periodically. Customers that fail to meet the Group's benchmark creditworthiness may transact with the Group only on a prepayment basis.

Trade and other receivables mainly relate to a wide range of customers from different industries and geographic regions. The Group continued to assess the financial condition and credit risk of its customers, by grouping account and other receivables based on their characteristics.

## 2) Investments

The exposure to credit risk for the bank deposits, fixed income investments, and other financial instruments is measured and monitored by the Group's finance department. The Group only deals with banks, other external parties, corporate organizations, government agencies and financial institutions with good credit rating. The Group does not expect any counterparty above fails to meet its obligations hence there is no significant credit risk arising from these counterparties.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### 3) Guarantees

Pursuant to the Group's policies, it is only permissible to provide financial guarantees to subsidiaries, companies that the Group has business with, and the investees, based on the percentage of ownership by each shareholder. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no the guarantees provided to non-subsidiaries were outstanding. The guarantees provided to subsidiaries please refer to note 13(a).

## (iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The loans and borrowings from the bank is an important source of liquidity for the Group. The Group's unused credit line were amounted to \$10,762,176 and \$8,626,786 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## (v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

The Group buys and sells derivatives, and also incurs financial liabilities, in order to manage market risks.

## 1) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the Group, primarily USD and JPY.

#### 2) Interest rate risk

The Group borrows funds on fixed and variable interest rates, which has a risk exposure to changes in fair value and cash flow.

## 3) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from mutual funds, listed companies' equity investments and emerging stock investments.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (ad) Capital management

The policy of board of directors is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Capital consists of ordinary shares, capital surplus, retained earnings and non-controlling interests. The Board of directors monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Group monitors the capital structure by way of periodical review on the liability ratio. The management decides to optimize its capital by using appropriate debt-to-equity ratio. The capital of the Group represents the total equity stated in the consolidated balance sheets that is equal to the total assets, minus, total liabilities.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the liability ratios were as follows:

	Do	December 31, 2022	
Total liabilities	\$	16,609,276	13,295,795
Total assets		29,880,275	25,174,443
Liability ratio		56 %	53 %

As of December 31, 2022, there were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management.

## (ae) Investing and financial activities not affecting the current cash flow

The Group's investing and financial activities, which did not affect its current cash flow in the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, included the acquisition of right-of-use assets through lease. Please refer to note 6(j) for details.

Reconciliations of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

			Non-cash changes				
	January 1, 2022	Cash flows	Additions of leases	Cancellation of leases	Foreign exchange movement	December 31, 2022	
Short term borrowings	\$ 1,452,782	(697,749)	-	-	-	755,033	
Long term borrowings	850,665	544,229	-	-	-	1,394,894	
Lease liabilities	467,043	(139,545)	214,293	(9,864)	359	532,286	
Guarantee deposits received	77,406	81,544				158,950	
Total liabilities from financing activities	\$ <u>2,847,896</u>	(211,521)	214,293	(9,864)	359	2,841,163	
				Non-cash	changes		
			Acquisition			-	
	January 1, 2021	Cash flows	through businesses combination	Additions of leases	Cancellatio n of leases	Foreign exchange movement	December 31, 2021
Short term borrowings			through businesses			exchange	
Short term borrowings Long term borrowings	2021	flows	through businesses			exchange	31, 2021
ě	<b>2021</b> \$ 1,395,195	<b>flows</b> 57,587	through businesses			exchange movement	31, 2021 1,452,782
Long term borrowings	2021 \$ 1,395,195 588,906	57,587 262,432	through businesses combination	leases - -	n of leases	exchange movement - (673)	31, 2021 1,452,782 850,665

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (7) Related-party transactions:

## (a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statements.

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Topco Quartz Products Co., Ltd. (Topco Quartz)	An associate
Eastwind Tsusho Inc. (Eastwind Tsusho)	An associate
Shin-Etsu Handotai Taiwan Co., Ltd. (Shin-Etsu Handotai Taiwan)	The Company is the corporate director of the related party
Shin-Etsu Opto Electronic Co., Ltd. (Shin-Etsu Opto Electronic)	The Company is the corporate director of the related party
Tai Ying Resource Industrial Corp. (Tai Ying Resource)	Subsidiary (Note 1)
Fong Rong Smart Machinery Co., Ltd. (Fong Rong Smart Machinery)	An associate (Note 2)

- Note 1: The Group acquired the control of Tai Ying Industrial in July 2021, and TaiYing Resource has been listed as a subsidiary of the Company.
- Note 2: The Group acquired 25% of Fong Rong Smart Machinery's shares, resulting in Topco International Investment to have significant influence over it in October 2022.

## (b) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

		2022	2021
Short-term employee benefits	\$	385,004	267,320
Post-employment benefits	_	2,766	2,934
	\$	387,770	270,254

## (c) Significant transactions with related party

## (i) Sales

1) The amounts of significant sales by the Group to related parties were as follows:

	2022	2021
Associates	\$ 3,541	89,004
Other related parties	 43,215	40,405
-	\$ 46,756	129,409

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

2) The amounts of significant construction revenue and rendering of services by the Group to related parties were as follows:

		2021	
Associates:			
Topco Quartz	\$	264,500	219,362
Other related parties:			
Shin-Etsu Handotai Taiwan		366,794	273,209
Other related parties		505	816
_	<b>\$</b>	631,799	493,387

Sales prices for related parties were similar to those of the third-party customers. The collection period was within 30 to 90 days after monthly closing, and within 30 to 90 days after monthly closing for third-party customers. The terms of services provided to relate parties is based on the contracts signed between both parties, and there is no significant difference between the related parties and the third-parties. Accounts receivable from related parties were uncollateralized, and no provisions for doubtful debt were required after the assessment by the management.

#### (ii) Purchases

The amounts of significant purchases by the Group from related parties were as follows:

		2022	2021
Associates	\$	747,613	702,240
Other related parties:			
Shin-Etsu Handotai Taiwan		8,969,214	7,837,466
Other related parties	_	1,650	13,429
	\$ <u></u>	9,718,477	8,553,135

Purchase prices from related parties were similar to those form third-party suppliers. The payment period was within 30 to 90 days after monthly closing for related parties, and within 30 to 90 days after monthly closing for third-party suppliers.

#### (iii) Receivables from Related Parties

The receivables from related parties were as follows:

Account	Relationship	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
	Associates:			
Accounts receivable	Topco Quartz	\$	42,166	44,989
	Other related parties:			
Accounts receivable	Shin-Etsu Handotai			
	Taiwan		66,891	48,329
Accounts receivable	Other related parties		11	232
		\$	109,068	93,550

(Continued)

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (iv) Payables to Related Parties

The payables to related parties were as follows:

Accounts	Relationship	De	ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
	Associates:			
Accounts payable	Topco Quartz	\$	212,939	211,289
Accounts payable	Other associates		1,929	2,657
	Other related parties:			
	Shin-Etsu Handotai			
Accounts payable	Taiwan		2,558,776	2,391,084
Accounts payable	Other related parties		690	6,460
		<b>\$</b>	2,774,334	2,611,490

## (v) Equity transaction

On July 30, 2021, in order to coordinate the adjustment of the group organization, the Group sold all of General Precise Technology shares to Topco Quartz Products Co., Ltd, an associate of the Group, please refer note 6(j). As of December 31, 2021, the transfer price has been fully received, and the transfer of equity process has been completed.

## (8) Pledged assets:

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

Assets	Subject	Dec	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Other current financia assets	l Guarantees for construction contracts, warranties, coupons, and credit card readers	\$	66,778	116,874
Other non-current assets – time	Lease for plant, and guarantees for long term borrowings			
deposits			35,802	19,691
		\$	102,580	136,565

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (9) Commitments and contingencies:

(a) The Group's unrecognized contractual commitments were as follow:

	D	ecember 31,	December 31,
		2022	2021
Commitments for construction contracts	<u>\$</u>	2,649,054	2,895,687
Bank guarantees to construction contracts	\$	1,407,494	678,674

(b) The Group's unused and outstanding letters for purchasing were as follow:

	December 31,	December 31,
	2022	2021
Unused and outstanding letters of credit	\$ 1,517,567	1,679,821

(c) Refer to note 13(a) for the disclosure of guarantees provided to related parties by the Group.

## (10) Losses Due to Major Disasters: None

## (11) Subsequent Events:

Due to the Group's business expansion and the increase of employees, the Company purchased the pre-sale building from a non-related party, at an amount of \$5,350,000, based on a resolution approved by the board meeting held on January 17, 2023.

## (12) Other:

(a) The followings are the summary statement of current period employee benefits, depreciation and amortization expenses by function:

By function		2022			2021		
	Operating	Operating		Operating	Operating	rating	
By item	cost	expenses	Total	cost	expenses	Total	
Employee benefit expenses							
Salaries	418,076	1,850,729	2,268,805	180,764	1,502,231	1,682,995	
Labor and health insurance	38,331	96,096	134,427	17,653	87,694	105,347	
Pension	11,891	62,726	74,617	3,392	57,706	61,098	
Remuneration of directors	-	84,374	84,374	-	58,997	58,997	
Others	19,945	81,861	101,806	5,943	68,130	74,073	
Depreciation	131,235	251,788	383,023	112,688	225,659	338,347	
Amortization	1,134	71,923	73,057	77	41,722	41,799	

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (13) Other disclosures:

(a) Information on significant transactions:

The followings were the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" for the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022:

- (i) Loans to other parties: Please refer to table 1
- (ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties: Please refer to table 2
- (iii) Securities held as of December 31, 2022 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3
- (iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: Please refer to table 4
- (v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: Please refer to table 5
- (viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (ix) Trading in derivative instruments: Trading in derivative products, please refer to note 6(b).
- (x) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions: Please refer to table 6
- (b) Information on investees: Please refer to table 7
- (c) Information on investment in mainland China:
  - (i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information: Please refer to table 8
  - (ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China: Please refer to table 9
  - (iii) Significant transactions: Please refer to table 10
- (d) Major shareholders holding more than 5% of ownership as of December 31, 2022: None

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (14) Segment information:

## (a) General information

The basis of segmentation of the Group are different products and services. The reportable segments include advanced material division, semiconductor and electronics division and environmental engineering group. Other segments engage mainly in sales of used machine equipment business and retail sales.

## (b) Reportable segments and operating segment information

The Group did not allocate tax expense to the reportable segments. The amounts of the Group's reportable segments are the same as those in the reports used by the chief operating decision maker. The accounting policies for the operating segments are the same as those in Note 2. The profit or loss of the Group's operating segments is measured by profit or loss before tax, and is considered as the basis for performance assessment.

The Group's operating segment information and reconciliation were as follows:

		emiconductor nd electronics division	Environmental engineering group	Other divisions	Adjustment and elimination	Total
2022						
Revenue						
Revenue from external customers	\$	44,219,440	6,876,721	1,882,054	-	52,978,215
Revenue from segments		185,375	39,548	276,170	(501,093)	-
Interest income	_	-				
Total revenue	\$_	44,404,815	6,916,269	2,158,224	(501,093)	<u>52,978,215</u>
Interest expense		-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation and amortization		224,411	9,376	222,293	-	456,080
Share of profit of equity-accounted investees (associaties and jointly controlled entities)		-	-	541,721	-	541,721
Reportable segment profit or loss	\$_	3,455,789	(191,365)	977,307		4,241,731
2021						
Revenue						
Revenue from external customers	\$	37,736,968	3,929,152	1,002,846	-	42,668,966
Revenue from segments		157,177	7,334	226,584	(391,095)	-
Interest income	_	-				
Total revenue	\$_	37,894,145	3,936,486	1,229,430	(391,095)	42,668,966
Interest expense		-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation and amortization		194,992	12,431	172,723	-	380,146
Share of profit of equity-accounted investees (associaties and jointly controlled entities)		-	-	422,675	-	422,675
Reportable segment profit	\$_	2,448,617	211,308	379,924		3,039,849

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (c) Industry information

## (i) Product and service information

The Group's segment information is based on different products and services. Product and service information does not have to be disclosed.

## (ii) Geographical information

Stated below are the geographic information on the Group's sales presented by destination of sales and non-current assets presented by location.

## 1) Revenue from external customers:

Location	2022	2021
Taiwan	\$ 27,818,444	22,713,488
China	22,847,774	18,553,981
Other countries	 2,311,997	1,401,497
	\$ 52,978,215	42,668,966

## 2) Non-current assets:

	2022	2021
Taiwan	\$ 4,686,600	4,454,666
Other countries	 404,173	369,750
	\$ 5,090,773	4,824,416

Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, investment property, intangible assets, and other assets, not including deferred tax assets and restricted assets (non-current).

## (iii) Information about major customers

Sales to individual customer constituting over 10% of the total revenue in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income of 2022 and 2021 are summarized as follows:

		2022	2021
A Company	<u>\$</u>	12,384,140	9,725,942

The sales revenue of A Company was from semiconductor and electronics division.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (i) Loans to other parties:

					Highest balance of					Transaction			Colla	teral		
					financing to		Actual usage	Range of	D	amount for business	Reasons for short-	A 11			Individual funding	Maximum limit of fund
	l				other parties		amount		Purposes of fund							
	Name of		Account		during the	Ending	during the	during the	financing for the	between two	term	for bad			loan limits	financing
No	lender	Name of borrower	name	Related party	period	balance	period	period	borrower	parties	financing	debt	Item	Value	(note 1)	(note 1)
0	The	TOPSCIENCE(S)	Other current	Y	91,240	-	-	1.00%	Short term		Operating	-	NA		2,591,929	5,183,858
	Company	PTE LTD.	financial						financing		demand					
	Company	PTE LTD.	financial assets related													

- Foreign currency amounts are translated to New Taiwan Dollars at the exchange rate at the end of the financial reporting date.

  According to the Company's "Operational Procedures for Lending of Capital to Others", the total amount of loans to a single enterprise shall not exceed 20%, respectively, of the net monetary amount of the financial reports of the latest month when transaction occurs, and the amount is \$2,591,929.

  According to the Company's "Operational Procedures for Lending of Capital to Others", the total amount of loans to others shall not exceed 40%, respectively, of the net monetary amount of the financial reports of the latest month when transaction occurs, and the amount is \$5,183,858.

  The aforementioned transactions had been written-off upon the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 3:
- Note 4:

#### (ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and foreign currencies)

		Counter-party of g		Limitation on	Highest balance for	Balance of guarantees		Property	Ratio of accumulated amounts of			Subsidiary	
			Relationship	amount of guarantees and endorsements	guarantees and endorsement	and endorsements as of	Actual usage amount	pledged for guarantees and	guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the	Maximum amount for guarantees	Parent company endorsements/ guarantees to third	endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on	Endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of
	Name of		with the	for a specific	s during the		during the	endorsements	latest financial	and	parties on behalf of	behalf of parent	companies in Mainland
N	o. guaranto		Company	enterprise	period	date	period	(Amount)	statements	endorsements	subsidiary	company	China
(	The	Topco Chemical	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	264,480	264,480	19,033	-	2.04%	(Note 5)	Y		Y
1	Company		()	()	,	,	,			()	-	N	· ·
1	"	Topco Shanghai	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	321.175	305.739	305.739	-	2.36%	(Note 5)	Y	N	Y
	"	Shanghai Chong Vao	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	88,160	88,160	-	-	0.68%	(Note 5)	Y	N	Y
,	, ,,	Chien Yueh	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	2,300,000	2,300,000	330,823	_	17.75%	(Note 5)	Y	N	N
/	"	JiaYi Energy	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	264,354	264,354	32,177	-	2.04%	(Note 5)	Y	N	N
	, ,,	Jing Chen	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	125,680	102,624	47,320	-	0.79%	(Note 5)	Y	N	N
	"	Jing Yang Energy	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	187,960	187,960	91,290	-	1.45%	(Note 5)	Y	N	N
	, ,,	Jing Yueh Energy	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	200,684	200,684	129,530	-	1.55%	(Note 5)	Y	N	N
	"	Kuan Yueh Technology	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	1,186,372	1,186,372	554,464	-	9.15%	(Note 5)	Y	N	N
	"	Anyong Fresh Mart.	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	6,000	6,000	278	-	0.05%	(Note 5)	Y	N	N
	"	Topscience(s)Pte Ltd.	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	1,576,272	1,499,777	831,922	-	11.57%	(Note 5)	Y	N	N
	"	Topchem Materials	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	200.000	200.000	43.000	-	1.54%	(Note 5)	Y	N	N
	"	Topco Engineering	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	633,000	633,000	40,921	-	4.88%	(Note 5)	Y	N	Y
	"	Unitech New Energy Engineering	(Note 2)	(Note 4)	422,261	321,097	100,888	-	2.48%	(Note 5)	Y	N	N
1	Topco Suzhou	Suzhou Topco Construction Ltd	(Note 3)	(Note 4)	26,663	26,276	26,276	-	4.61%	(Note 6)	N	N	Y

- Note 1: The Company is coded as "0", and its subsidiaries are coded consecutively in a numerical order starting from "1"
- Note 2: Note 3: Note 4:
- The Company is coded as "0", and its subsidiaries are coded consecutively in a numerical order starting from "1"
  Investee companies which have 50% of ordinary shares, directly or indirectly, owned by the Company.
  For the needs of the contracted work, the company is mutually insured by the contract between peers or co-founders.
  According to the Company's "Operational Procedures for Making Endorsements/Guarantees", the maximum amount of endorsements/guarantees for a single enterprise shall not exceed \$12,959,644, which is the net value of the Company's latest financial reports.
  According to the Company's "Operational Procedures for Making Endorsements/Guarantees", the maximum amount of endorsements/guarantees for others shall not exceed \$20,735,430, which is 160% of the net value of the Company's latest financial reports.
  According to the Company's "Operational Procedures for Making Endorsements/Guarantees", the maximum amount of endorsements/guarantees for Topco Suzhou shall not exceed \$14,253,600, which is 25 times of the net value of the Company's latest financial reports.
  The maximum amount of sharing guarantees and endorsements is CNY 70,000, the maximum amount for guarantees and endorsements are for Shanghai Chong Yao CNY 10,000, Topco Chemical CNY 30,000, and Topco Engineering CNY 30,000, respectively.

  Due to the early renewal of the endorsement guarantee contract, The Company's endorsement guarantee to Shanghai Chongyao, Topco Chemical, Topco Engineering (Two currencies), Chien Yuch, Jia Yi Energy, Jing Chen, Kuan
- Note 5:

- Due to the early renewal of the endorsement guarantee contract, The Company's endorsement guarantee to Shanghai Chongyao, Topco Chemical, Topco Engineering(Two currencies), Chien Yueh, Jia Yi Energy, Jing Chen, Kuan Yueh Technology, Topchem Materials and Unitech New Energy Engineering was double-calculated in the amount of CNY 10,000, CNY 30,000, USD 6,000(Topco Engineering), USD 30,000(Topco Engineering), \$250,000, \$32,176, \$25,000, \$100,000, \$100,000 and \$50,000 respectively.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

 $(iii) \ Securities \ held \ as \ of \ December \ 31, 2022 \ (excluding \ investment \ in \ subsidiaries, \ associates \ and \ joint \ ventures):$ 

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Ending balance				wan Dollars)
Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Shares/Units (thousands)	Carrying value	Percentage of ownship (%)	Fair value	Note
	Fund:	,		(thousands)	varac	ownship (70)	Tun yanuc	
The Company	Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	349	4,451	-	4,451	
	Stock:							
"	Eversol Corporation	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	230	-	8.21	-	
"	Shin-Etsu Opto Electronic	The Company is its company director	,	2,000	79,680	10	79,680	
"	Shin-Etsu Handotai Taiwan	"	"	12,000	1,034,520	8	1,034,520	
"	Everglory Resource Technology Co., Ltd.	"	"	2,000	21,160	8.18	21,160	
"	ProMOS Technologies Inc. SOLAR APPLIED MATERIALS	"	"	71	1,222	0.16	1,222	
"	TECHNOLOGY CORP.	"	"	5,000	143,450	0.84	143,450	
"	Win Win Precision Technology Co. Ltd	n,	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,450	49,373	2.63	49,373	
"	Grand Fortune	"	"	2,400	25,152	4.12	25,152	
"	Shih Her Technologies Inc.	"	"	2,519	144,843	4.44 6.67	144,843	
"	Guangxin Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Belite Bio, Inc.	"	"	6,667 90	65,467 83,370	0.36	65,467 83,370	
"	Fu You Private Equity Fund Limited Partner	"	"	2,000	20,759	5	20,759	
	Other:							
"	LEAP FUND L.P.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	45,398	12.22	45,398	
	Stock:	None	Non-current financial assets at	778	26 490	1.61	26 490	Note 1
Topco International Investment	Win Win Precision Technology Co., Ltd.	None	fair value through other comprehensive income	//6	26,480	1.61	26,480	Note 1
"	Mylight Technology Co., Ltd. (Mylight)	"	"	250	-	0.76	-	
"	Archers Inc.	"	"	625	=	1.93	-	
"	Ultramed Technology Co., Ltd.	"	"	100	2,573	5.26	2,573	
"	Sunergy development corporation Mycropore Corporation Ltd.	"	"	285 400	2,948	19 2.29	2,948	
"	Syu Yang Technology Corporation	"	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	30	2,546	10	2,746	
"	Win Win Precision Technology Co., Ltd. Fund:	11	"	646	21,997	1.41	21,997	Note 1
Topco Investment	Taishin 1699 Money Market	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	302	4,154	-	4,154	
"	Stock: Mylight	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	250	-	0.76	-	
,,	H2U Corporation	"	"	273	4,619	1.13	4,619	
"	TFBS BIOSCIENCE, INC.	"	"	252	22,209	0.76	22,209	Note 2
"	Hun Chun Venture Capital Corporation	"	Non-current financial assets at	1,699	11,826	5.75	11,826	
"	TFBS BIOSCIENCE, INC. Fund:	"	fair value through profit or loss	1,340	118,094	4.05	118,094	Note 2
Taiwan E&M	Fund: Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,176	53,232	-	53,232	
"	Franklin U.S. Government Money Fund	"	"	4,187	43,979	_	43,979	
"	FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund:	"	"	3,266	50,782	-	50,782	
Ding Yue Solar	FSITC Money Market	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7	1,350	-	1,350	
	Fund:		G . (C					
Anyong Biotechnology	Taishin 1699 Money Market	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,335	32,146	-	32,146	
Unitech New Energy Engineering	Stock: United Microelectronics Corporation Co., ltd	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10	427	-	427	
"	United Renewable Energy Co., ltd	"	"	10	215	_	215	

Note 1:

Topco International Investment acquired the shares of WIN WIN Precision Technology in the third quarter of 2022. These shares are held for trading purposes, and are expected to be sold by batch when WIN WIN Precision Technology becomes liquidaty. Therefore, these shares are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Topco Investment acquired the shares of TFBS BIOSCIENCE, INC. in the fourth quarter of 2022. Due to the expected future business cooperation between both parties. Therefore, these shares are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. Note 2:

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- (iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- $(v) \ Acquisition \ of \ individual \ real \ estate \ with \ amount \ exceeding \ the \ lower \ of \ NT\$300 \ million \ or \ 20\% \ of \ the \ capital \ stock: \ None$
- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Transactio	n details		Transaction different f	s with terms rom others	Notes/Accounts receivable (payable)		Taiwaii Dollars)
Company Name	Counter party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/ (Sale)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ (sales)	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Note
The Company	Topco Quartz	The Company's investment accounted for using equity method	Purchase	664,877	3%	Net 60 days from the end of the month of delivery	-	-	Accounts Payable (193,314)	(5.0%)	
"	n	The Company's investment accounted for using equity method	Sale	(264,694)	-1%	Net 60 days from the end of the month of delivery	-	-	Accounts receivable 42,166	1.00%	
"	Shin Etsu Handotai Taiwan	The Company is its company director	Sale	(367,123)	-1%	Net 30 days from the end of the month of delivery	-	-	Accounts receivable 56,258	2.0%	
Topco Shanghai	Shin Etsu Handotai Taiwan	The parent company of the company is its company director	Purchase	8,911,570	73%	Net 90 days from the end of the month of delivery	-	-	Accounts payable (2,548,703)	(85.0%)	

- (viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (ix) Trading in derivative instruments: Trading in derivative products, please refer to note 6(b).

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (x) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					ricw Tarwan Donars)		
No.			Relationship				Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total
(Note 1)	Company name	Counter party	(Note 2)	Accounts name	Amount	Terms	assets
0	The Company	Topco Shanghai	1	Accounts Receivable	11,467	There is no significant difference of price between general customers. The collection period is net 60 days from the end of the month of delivery.	0.04%
"	"	"	1	Sales Revenue	107,218	"	0.20%
"	"	Topco Trading	1	Sales Revenue	23,510	"	0.04%
1	Jia Yi Energy	Kuan Yueh Technology	3	unearned revenue	15,925	Based on the agreement between both parties	0.05%
"	"	"	3	Operating Revenue	7,256		0.01%
"	"	Jing Yang Energy	3	Unearned revenue	15,925	"	0.05%
"	"	"	3	Accounts Receivable	13,482	"	0.05%
"	"	"	3	Construction Revenue	44,763	"	0.08%
"	"	Jing Yueh Energy	3	Unearned revenue	16,066	"	0.05%
"	"	"	3	Construction Revenue	10,806	//	0.02%
2	Anyong Fresh Mart.	The Company	3	Sales Revenue	11,833	There is no significant difference of price between general customers. The collection period is net 60 days from the end of the month of delivery.	0.02%
3	Taiwan E&M.	The Company	3	Accounts Receivable	13,750	There is no significant difference of price between general customers. The collection period is net 60 days from the end of the month of delivery.	0.05%
"	"	"	3	Unearned revenue	13,095	"	0.04%
"	"	Topscience(s)	3	Sales Revenue	9,543	"	0.02%
4	Topchem Materials	The Company	2	Sales Revenue		There is no significant difference of price	0.06%
5	Anyong Biotechnology	Anyong Fresh Mart	2	Sales Revenue	20,995	There is no significant difference of price between general customers. The collection period is net 30 days from the end of the month of delivery.	0.04%
"	"	Anyong Lohas.	2	Sales Revenue	13,330	"	0.03%
6	Anyong Lohas	Anyong Fresh Mart	3	Sales Revenue	35,277	There is no significant difference of price between general customers. The collection period is net 60 days from the end of the month of delivery.	0.07%
7	Tai Ying Resource	Chien Yueh.	2	Operating Revenue	63,389	There is no significant difference of price to general customers. The collection period is net 60 days from the end of the month of delivery.	0.12%
8	Topco Suzhou	Topscience(s)	3	Sales Revenue	28,634	There is no significant difference of price to general customers. The collection period is net 60 days from the end of the month of delivery.	0.05%
9	Chien Yueh	Xports Sports	3	Unearned revenue	45,132	Based on the agreement between both parties	0.09%
	"		3	Accounts Receivable	39,468		0.07%
	"	"	3	Operating Revenue	35,360		0.07%

Note 1: The numbers filled in as follows:

1.0 represents the Company.

2. Subsidiaries are sorted in a numerical order starting from 1.

Note 2: Relationship with the transactions labeled as follows:

1 represents the transactions from the parent company to its subsidiaries.

2 represents the transactions between the subsidiaries and the parent company. 3 represents the transactions between subsidiaries.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees for the year ended December 31, 2022 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

	I	1	I		1					(In Thousands		Oollars and foreign	currencies
				Original Inves	tment Amount	Balance as	s of December 3	1, 2022			Highest balance during the year		
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Shares (thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value	Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits/losses of investee	Shares/Units (thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Note
The Company	Topco Quartz	Hsinchu County	Manufacture and repair of quartz equipment, quartz tube e.g.	99,232	99,232	13	40%	1,863,773	1,303,297	517,178	13	40%	Note 4
	Taiwan E&M	Hsinchu City	Sales of electronic material	425,000	425,000	42,500	100%	534,058	79,159	79,159	42,500	100%	Note 4
	Fortune	Taipei City	Clean up of waste and environmental management service	149,600	149,600	14,960	25%	264,603	110,986	27,747	14,960	25%	Note 4
	Topco Group	Samoa	Investment activities	714,206	493,981	22,432	100%	2,589,941	1,093,976	1,096,002	22,432	100%	Note 4
	Topscience(s)	Singapore	Sales of parts of semiconductor and optoelectronic industries	380,931	336,108	3,153	100%	535,634	72,399	72,399	3,153	100%	Note 4
Į.	Topco International Investment	Taipei City	Investment activities	495,000	460,000	60,357	100%	599,004	73,384	73,384	60,357	100%	Note 4
Į.	Topco Investment	Taipei City	Investment activities Water purification and construction	315,000	260,000	16,500	100%	187,680	48,255	48,255	16,500	100%	Note 4
Į.	Chien Yueh	Taipei City	of dust-proof room	475,000	320,000	53,829	100%	269,829	(261,841)	(264,659)	53,829	100%	Note 4
Į.	Anyong Biotechnology	Taipei City	Aquaculture and strategic partnership with fish processing	540,629	490,629	30,000	100%	99,897	(38,505)	(38,505)	30,000	100%	Note 4
Į.	Winfull Bio-tech Co., Ltd.	Tainan City	Manufacture of organic fertilizer	35,000	35,000	3,500	39%	-	-	-	3,500	39%	Note 4
Į.	Anyong Fresh Mart.	Taipei City	Wholesale and retail sales of fishery products and supermarket	604,350	554,350	35,800	100%	99,845	(41,400)	(41,400)	35,800	100%	Note 4
	Allyong Fresh Mart.	raiper city	operation	004,550	334,330	33,000	10070	77,043	(41,400)	(41,400)	33,000	10070	14016-4
	Jia Yi Energy	Taipei City	Manufacture of machinery and electronic spare parts	236,792	215,000	25,924	84%	183,015	(18,207)	(9,484)	25,924	84%	Note 4
	Xiang Yueh	Taipei City	Waste disposal	76,770	73,270	5,040	83%	17,936	(13,975)	(11,519)	5,040	83%	Note 4
Į.	Anyong Lohas	Yilan County	Restaurant and retail sales of food products	317,000	317,000	21,700	100%	17,807	(20,307)	(20,307)	21,700	100%	Note 4
		New Taipei	Environment-related engineering										
	Unitech New Energy Engineering	City	planning, assessment, supervision and monitoring	434,560	434,560	776	77.60%	451,341	183,150	114,217	776	78%	Note 4
Į.	TOPCO SCIENTIFIC USA	USA	Wholesale of semiconductor	91,223	13,878	6	100%	87,626	(6,532)	(6,532)	6	100%	Note 4
	Xsport Sports	Taipei City	material Sports Training	95,508	-	10,000	100%	81,226	(18,660)	(14,282)	10,000	100%	Note 4
Į.								7,883,215		1,621,653			
Topco Group	Asia Topco	Mauritius	Investment activities	-	401,871		0%		1,050,907	Investment gains (losses) recognized by Topco Group	13,086	100%	Note 4
Topeo Group	Asia Topco	ividui itius	investment activities	0	(USD13,086)	-	070		1,050,707	recognized by Topeo Group	13,000	10070	Note 4
	Topco Trading	Hong Kong	Wholesale of semiconductor material and electronic material	46,065	46,065	1,500	100%	90,713	42,883	"	1,500	100%	Note 4
	Asia Tanaa Haldina	Cormon	Investment activities	(USD1,500) 614,200	(USD1,500)	20,000	100%	2.482.242			20,000	100%	Note 4
	Asia Topco Holding	Cayman	investment activities	(USD20,000)	-	20,000	100%	2,462,242	-	"	20,000	10076	Note 4
Asia Topco Holding	Asia Topco	Mauritius	Investment activities	614,200	-	20,000	100%	2,482,242	1,050,907	"	20,000	100%	Note 3
Tiolaing				(USD20,000) 55,278	39,923								
Topscience(s)	Topscience Vietnam	Vietnam	Sales of parts of semiconductor and optoelectronic industries	(USD1,800)	(USD1,300)		100%	39,239	(5,794)	Investment gains (losses) recognized by Topscience(s)	-	100%	Note 4
		G.	Wholesale and retail sales of				1000/					100%	
	Anyong (s)	Singapore	fishery products Sales of semiconductor material	13,820	-	-	100%	-	-	"	-		
	Ping Yue Technology	Malaysia	and equipment	(USD450)	-	1	100%	12,377	(1,357)	//	1	100%	Note 4
Topco International	Cityspace	Taipei City	Wholesale sales of cosmetics	12,000	12,000	1,267	67%	20,720	8,119	Investment gains (losses) recognized by Topco	1,267	67%	Note 4
Investment	7 1	1 ,	Sales of facilities of semiconductor							International Investment			
	Topco Japan	Japan	and clean room	58,100 (JPY250,000)	11,620 (JPY50,000)	25	100%	44,088	(5,099)	//	25	100%	Note 4
	Kuan Yueh Technology	Taipei City	Development of renewable energy projects / Configure pipeline construction and device installation	149,640	149,640	17,959	100%	200,327	14,897	//	17,959	100%	Note 4
'	Jia Yi Energy	Taipei City	Manufacture of machinery and	28,208	24,000	5,005	16%	48,907	(18,207)		5,005	16%	
	Kanbo Biomedical	Taipei City	electronic spare parts Sales of health food products	6,287	6,287	1,000	100%	1,359	(18,207)	"	1,000	100%	Note 4
	Ruey Sheng Industrial Co., Ltd.	Samoa	Investment activities	4,197	4,197	142	36%	-	- (1)	"	142	36%	Note 4
	Topchem Materials	Taipei City	Antifouling surface protection, light-blocking material and the	31,000	31,000	5,500	100%	106,252	42,498	"	5,500	100%	
Į.			manufacture of other chemicals Clean up of waste and										Note 4
Į.	Fortune	Taipei City	environmental management service	771	771	40	0.07%	743	110,986	"	40	0%	
	Tai Ying Resource	Kaohsiung City	Clean up of waste	141,704	141,704	10,736	48.80%	163,277	38,854	//	10,736	49%	Note 4
Į.	EastWind Tsusho	Taipei City	Manufacturing and trading of electronic parts, etc.	5,000	5,000	500	25%	6,418	6,472	"	500	25%	Note 4
	Topchip	Taipei City	IC Design and Sales Company	5,000	-	500	100%	4,990	(10)	"	500	100%	
	Thermaltake green power	Taipei City	Sales of renewable energy Machinery manufacturing and	1,000	-	100	100%	977	(23)	"	100	100%	Note 4
	Fong Rong Smatr Machinery	Hsinchu City	repair industry	4,550	-	350	25%	4,652	408	//	350	25%	Note 4
Topco Investment	Multi Rich Technology	Taipei City	Wholesale of fishery products	20,500	20,500	2,050	98%	1,491	(684)	Investment gains (losses) recognized by Topco Investment	2,050	98%	Note 4
,	Ding Yue Solar	Taipei City	Development of renewable energy project	9,000	9,000	900	100%	3,686	(372)	//	900	100%	Note 4
,	XSports Sports	Taipei City	Sports Training	-	29,299	-	-%	-	(18,660)	"	2,500	100%	Note 4
,	Min Jen Restaurant Fei Da Intelligent Co., Ltd.	Taipei City Taipei City	Restaurant Manpower dispatch	110,000 8,875	110,000 5,500	1,719 725	69% 14%	(113) 4,612	(1,424) (16,171)	"	1,719 725	69% 14%	Note 4
,	STARX INC.	Hsinchu City	Precision instrument manufacturing	8,000	8,000	8,626	26%	6,757	(4,194)	"	8,626	26%	11010 4
,			Aquaculture and wholesale and										Note 4
,	Yun Yueh Technology	Taichung City	sales of fishery products	555	750	60	55%	523	(22)	//	100	100%	
,	Great Talent Tech Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Personnel training Development of renewable energy	5,000	5,000	500	31%	3,658	(3,684)	Investment gains (losses)	500	31%	Note 4
Jia Yi energy	Jing Chen Energy	Taipei City	project	71,050	71,050	7,586	100%	66,066	1,231	recognized by Jia Yi energy	7,586	100%	Note 4
	8 80										8,795	100%	I
	Jing Yang Energy	Taipei City	"	86,497 92,160	70,497	8,795 8,513	100%	65,148	(16,654)	"			Not- 4
		Taipei City	" "	86,497 92,160	70,497 82,161	8,795 8,513	100% 100%	65,148 94,561	(16,654) 6,769	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	8,513	100%	Note 4
Taiwan E&M	Jing Yang Energy		Vacuum pump equipment maintenance							Investment gains (losses) recognized by Taiwan E&M			
Taiwan E&M Chien Yueh	Jing Yang Energy Jing Yueh Energy	Taipei City	" " Vacuum pump equipment	92,160	82,161	8,513	100%	94,561	6,769 21,421		8,513	100%	Note 4

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

				Original Investment Amount		Balance as of December 31, 2022					Highest balance during the year		
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Shares (thousands)	Percentage of Ownership		Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits/losses of investee	Shares/Units (thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Note
Chien Yueh		New Taipei	Environment-related engineering planning, assessment, supervision and monitoring	5,600	5,600	10	1%	5,816	183,150	n/	10	1%	Note 4
Topco Japan	Shunkawa	Japan	Import and export of semiconductor raw materials	23,240 (JPY100,000)	-	10	100%	20,026		Investment gains (losses) recognized by Topco Japan	10	100%	Note 4
Tai Ying Resource		Kaohsiung City	International Trading	5,000	-	500	100%	4,525	(475)	Investment gains (losses) recognized by Tai Ying Resource	500	100%	Note 4

Note 1: The amounts in foreign currencies were translated into New Taiwan Dollars at the exchange rates at the ending date of the reporting period.

Note 2: The Group holds a seat of director of Fei Da Intelligent and has significant influence. As a result, the Group accounted it for using the equity method.

Note 3: In order to enhance the overall efficiency of the Company's future management and capital market application, the Company's internal organization was adjusted in December 2022, and a subsidiary of the Company, ASIAT OPCO HOLDING, issued new shares as consideration.

Note 4: The aforementioned transactions had been written-off the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (c) Information on investment in Mainland China:

(i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

(In Thousands of US Dollars and CNY)

		Total amount of paid in	Method of	Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan	Investment fle	ows	Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of			Investment gains		Accumulated remittance of
Name of investee	Main businesses and products	capital (Note 3)	investment (Note 1)	as of January 1, 2022 (Note 3)	Outflow	Inflow	December 31, 2022 (Note 3)	Net income (losses) of the investee	Percentage of ownership	(losses) (Note 2)	Book value (Note 3)	earnings in current period
	Wholesale of	269,941						749,549		749,549	1,289,144	1,447,639
1 0	electronic material	(USD8,790)	Note 1	-	-	-	-	(USD25,153)	100%	(USD25,153)	(USD41,978)	(USD47,139)
Shanghai Chong Yao	and equipment	(Note 4) 57,304 (RMB13,000)	Note 5	Note 5	-	-	-	(28,521) (RMB6,450)	100%	(28,521) (RMB6,450)	222,811 (RMB50,547)	-
	Water purification	324,728		82,917			82,917	113,834		113,834	617,947	162,210
1	and construction of	(USD10,574)	Note 1	(USD2,700)	-	-	(USD2,700)	(USD3,820)	100%	(USD3,820)	(USD20,122)	(USD5,282)
	dust-proof room	(Note 4)										
Topco Chemical	wholesale and sales	13,605	Note 1	13,605			13,605	187,350	100%	187,350	340,666	
Topco Chemicai	of chemical products	(USD443)	Note 1	(USD443)	-	-	(USD443)	(USD6,287)	100%	(USD6,287)	(USD11,093)	-
Topco Engineering	Water purification and construction of	88.160	Note 6	Note 6				588	100%	588	95,984	
	dust-proof room	(RMB20,000)	Note o	Note 0	-	-	-	(RMB133)	10070	(RMB133)	(RMB21,775)	-
Shanghai Perfect Microelectronics	IC Design Company	4,496 (RMB1,020)	Note 9	-	-	-	-	(442) (RMB100)	51%	(442) (RMB100)	4,721 (RMB1,071)	-
Wuxi super sunrise	Semiconductor wafer	22,481						(2,370)		(2,370)	22,173	
material	cassette recycling and cleaning service	(RMB5,100)	Note 10	-	-	-	-	(RMB536)	20%	(RMB536)	(RMB4,993)	-

#### (ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2022		Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
190,187 (USD6,193)	(Note 7)	710,383 (USD23,132)	(Note 8)

Note 1: Investment in Mainland China companies through an investee established in a third region.

Note 2: The investment gains (losses) of Topoo Shanghai and Topoo Suzhou were recognized based on the financial statements which have been audited by the CPA; and the investment gains (losses) of Shanghai Chong Yao, Topoo Chemical, and Topoo Engineering were recognized based on the financial statements prepared by the subsidiaries and not audited by the CPA.

Note 3: The amounts in New Tainsand that the exchanger arte of USD 1:30.71 and CNY 1:44.08, respectively, as of December 31, 2022.

Note 4: The paid-in capital of Topoo Shanghai and Topoo Suzhou includes the capital increase transferred from retained earnings amounting to USD1,990 and USD7,874, respectively.

Note 5: Shanghai Chong Yao is jointly invested by Topoo Shanghai and is Topoo Suzhou, both of which are the subsidiaries of the Company.

Note 6: Topoo Engineering is invested by Topoo Suzhou, which is the subsidiary of the Company.

Note 7: Including the written-off investment funds of USD3,050.

Note 8 : The Company has acquired proof of compliance regarding the operational scope of the corporate headquarters issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs. Therefore, there is no restriction to the Company's investing amount in Mainland China.

Note 9 : Shanghai Perfect Microelectronics was established by subsidiaries, Topco Shanghai and Shanghai Tx semiconductor, which held 51% and 49% of the capital contribution, respectively.

Note 10 : Wuxi super sunrise material was established by subsidiary Topco Shanghai, Super natural technology and Wuxi Puli technology, which held 20%, 60% and 20% of the capital contribution, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the significant inter-company transactions with the subsidiaries in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

(d) Major shareholders holding more than 5% of ownership as of December 31, 2022: None